

ESTABLISHED 1833.

FORT WAYNE, IND. FRIDAY, FEB. 2, 1900

PRICE TWO CENTS.

EXTREME RECOURSE

Militia Ballot Act to be Enforced by Great Britain to Get 90,000 Men Lord Roberts Asks For.

TO MOBILIZE VOLUNTEERS AT ONCE.

London, Feb. 2.—Sensational rumors are current that the militia ballot act will be put in force February 14 and that Lord General Roberts, the commander in chief of the British forces in South Africa, has called for 90,000 additional men, which it is added, the government has promised to give him, sending 50,000 militia and volunteers and 40,000 militia reserves. It is also said that the volunteers will be mobilized forthwith.

It is even asserted today that the cabinet has specially dealt with these matters.

The militia ballot act makes every unmarried man between 18 and 30 years of age liable to serve for five years.

NO NEWS FROM BULLER.

London, Feb. 2.—2:37 p. m.—There is no official news from General Buller's headquarters and the only information which has reached London in any way supporting the reports that he has recrossed the Tugela river is found in the Associated Press dispatches announcing Lord Dunsford's reconnaissance, which is taken to indicate a prelude to renewed activity. As the dispatch is three days old and Lord Dunsford found no difficulty in crossing the river, it is not impossible General Buller has moved in the interim and public anxiety is again concentrated on the upper Tugela.

Dispatches from elsewhere in South Africa merely tell of desultory shell firing and the movements of patrols, though Cape Town mentions a rumor that General French has captured eight hundred Boers, where and when not being announced.

MORE YEOMEN GO.

London, Feb. 2.—This morning, at the Life guard barracks, Regent park, the prince of Wales inspected another contingent of yeomanry and honorable artillery company volunteers prior to their departure from London to embark for South Africa.

The spectators included Lord Mayor Newton, a number of city dignitaries, army officers and many ladies.

The prince of Wales made a speech to the men in the same vein as his address to the first contingent of yeomanry at their departure from London Friday last.

FEEL MORE CHEERFUL.

New York, Feb. 2. There is a decidedly cheerful feeling in London. The confirmation of the report that General Buller had announced that he would relieve Ladysmith, together with the unconfirmed report that he had actually begun a new forward movement, had a good effect on the public mind.

Figures just published have had a reassuring effect. The government announces that it was ascertained before the war began that the Boers could put 50,000 men in the field. The British in a few days will have 213,000 men in South Africa. General Joubert, according to later advices, has 19,000 men surrounding Ladysmith, and confronting General Buller. In the recent turning movement General Buller lost 1,985 men, but the places are filled.

The Boers have no means of replacing the lost men with fresh soldiers. Looking at the matter in this light, it is as evident that Joubert would be beaten as it was that Grant would take Richmond.

NEWS IS BLOCKED.

Few dispatches are now allowed to come through from the seat of operations about Stormberg and Colesberg, and General Roberts is anxious to direct attention to the work in having co-operation with General Gatacre and General French. The Dutch garrisons both at Stormberg and Colesberg have been reinforced, and the Boer strategists are striving to repeat the tactics at Magersfontein, Colenso and Spion Kop by creating a new supabase by which the British invasion of the Free State may be blocked.

The military experts are inclined to be easier at Buller since he and his army are so undaunted and the harsh

criticism is shifting to the ministry. LASHING THE GOVERNMENT. The Daily Mail says:

"When, as is notorious to all with any knowledge of politics, the government is tremblingly awaiting the news of some little victory to ward off temporary criticism, the situation is too humiliating for words."

"One by one, public belief in the representative leaders on the unionist side is disappearing. The marquis of Lansdowne was discredited at the outbreak of the war. Mr. Balfour fell at Manchester. Lord Salisbury's pitiful exhibition under the lash of Lord Roseberry on Tuesday damaged an ideal. Mr. Chamberlain has so far made no declaration of vigorous policy suited to our pressing needs."

"Some weeks ago many of the best friends of the government were urging its reconstruction. It is almost too late now for that policy. People now are looking for some strong man to lead them."

"Roseberry's name has been on every tongue during the last few days, to turn him before Mr. Chamberlain has been tried appears to us to be unwise and unfair from many points of view. It would be well to watch Mr. Chamberlain's attitude during the next few days."

DEMOCRATS MEET TOMORROW

WILL FIX TIME FOR COUNTY CONVENTION.

It Is Believed The First Saturday In April Will Be Chosen—Political Notes.

The Allen county democratic county committee will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in the city hall and make the preliminary arrangements for the coming campaign. The principal question to be decided is the date of the county convention. The sentiment so far expressed has been almost unanimous for an early convention, some persons advocating the last Saturday in March. It is believed today that the committee will fix Saturday, April 7, as the day for the convention. The primaries for the selection of delegates will be held on the afternoon and evening preceding the day set for the convention. At these primaries new county committeemen will also be chosen.

The committee may also decide tomorrow to open permanent headquarters, although many believe it would be most advisable to wait until after the new committee is elected and organized. The headquarters this year will be upstairs in the Foster block, where Sheriff A. E. Melching has already rented four rooms. Chairman Kaughn will not resign the county chairmanship tomorrow, but will continue to guide matters until the new committee is chosen. Candidates are expected to be on hand tomorrow and offer suggestions as to the methods to be adopted.

HERNLEY IS COMING.

C. R. Lane, member of the republican state executive committee, is in receipt of a letter from Chairman Hernley, informing Mr. Lane that he (the chairman) would be in Fort Wayne next week. He will probably be here with Union B. Hunt and W. H. Hart, who are expected to deliver addresses to the Citizens', Sons and Soldiers' club next Monday evening. Mr. Hernley will visit all the counties of the Twelfth district during the week.

SOMMERS-DONNEL.

Preston H. Sommers and Miss Mary Donnel were united in marriage Thursday evening, the ceremony being performed at the parsonage of Trinity M. E. church, the pastor, Rev. Sherman Powell officiating. The wedding was a quiet one, a sister of the bride being the only witness, and the announcement will be a great surprise to the numerous friends of the young people. Mr. Sommers is a clothing salesman for

R. S. Paterson and is well known. His bride is a daughter of William Donnel, and her charming personality has endeared her to a large circle of friends. Mr. and Mrs. Sommers will take up their residence on Williams street.

SAW HIS SHADOW.

Unless the encroaching years have sadly enfeebled his visionary powers, his august majesty, the ground hog, was able to get a long glimpse at his shadow today, for the sun shone with summer splendor. From a tradition which has been handed down from some remote period of the past, the ground hog's performance today will be accepted as a dire indication that, with the present status of the gas pressure, amounts to a calamity. There are six weeks of severe winter ahead of us.

PRETEND TO TAKE POISON

WILLIAM McDANIEL GAVE HIS MOTHER A SCARE.

Officers Called and Find That He Had Only Swallowed Some Flour Paste.

Sheriff Melching received a hurried call about 10 o'clock Thursday night to come to Elizabeth street, where William McDaniel had taken arsenic at the home of his mother. The sheriff sent two deputies to the McDaniel home and the police were called and went to the place with the patrol wagon. Arrived at the McDaniel home the officers found young McDaniel sitting up, but suffering none of the pains which follow arsenical poisoning. McDaniel had pretended to his mother that he had taken some of it. About his mouth was a white paste, which the officers now believe was nothing more nor less than flour paste. When it was known the young man was in no danger the officers returned to the city and left McDaniel home with his mother. William McDaniel is well known in justice of peace circles, where he has of late filed many affidavits on information of others.

CHARITY WORK IN JANUARY

SECRETARY MOHLER HAS PREPARED MONTHLY REPORT.

He Had More Than One Hundred Calls—Sixty-three Applications for Aid.

During the month of January the Associated Charities received sixty-three applications for assistance, thirty of the number never having applied before. Of the total number forty-four were resident families with children, six were resident families without children, two were single men residents and five were single women residents. Only six transients called at the office. The total number of persons represented was 226, of whom 127 were children. Forty-one investigations were made, and seventeen applicants were found to be either not in need or not entitled to special consideration. Nineteen persons were offered work at the labor yard, and eleven worked, the number of days' work having been given these men approximating eighty-five. From the central office five women were sent to the women's work room. Of those applicants for whom direct aid was secured, two each were aided through the Relief union and Lakeside Aid society, fifteen through the Order of Elks, three through the trustees and one through private sources. One applicant was referred to relatives and one purposefully gave the wrong address. Temporary work was secured for three persons and a permanent place for one. Some idea as to the amount of work at the central office can be obtained when it is known that the general secretary made 104 calls, and that 202 personal calls and 147 telephone calls were made at the office.

Miss Add Crawford, who has been stenographer in the office of Col. G. E. Graves, of the board of underwriters, has resigned her position and on Monday will accept a similar situation with J. E. Thomas, the Fort Wayne agent of the Remington Typewriter company.

R. Lehmann, the Berne banker, is in the city on a business mission and is a guest at the Randall.

Sam Wolf and Wilmer Leonard will play a game in the billiard tournament this evening.

PHARAOH REBELS.

SOUDANESE TROOPS MUTINY IN KHARTOUM.

CLIMAX OF DEEP DISCONTENT

TWO BATTALIONS OF ANGO-EGYPTIANS REVOLT.

WINGATE GOES TO PARLEY

SOUDANESE SECRETLY SENT TO SOUTH AFRICA.

Paris, Feb. 2.—A dispatch to the Havas News Agency from Cairo confirms the report that a rebellion had occurred among the Soudanese troops in Khartoum. It says: "There is much anxiety here. There have been a number of grave incidents, notably the growing discontent in the Egyptian army, which has attained to a mutiny in two Soudanese battalions. The government has sent Colonel Wingate to parley with them. The army complain of bad treatment and the secret dispatch of Egyptian troops to South Africa."

"It appears certain that ten maxims and a large assignment of saddles have gone to Durban, and a number of English officers and civil functionaries have obtained an unlimited furlough to go to South Africa, which is believed to be a breach of Egypt's neutrality. The government is alarmed at the attitude of the black troops and has asked the Khedive to intervene. The latter has sent a letter urging obedience, but the anxiety nevertheless continues. Egypt is almost denuded of European soldiers."

A cable dispatch to The Associated Press from Paris January 31 said there are only 150 white British soldiers at Khartoum, under command of a major. The Soudanese force, it was added, consisted of two battalions, with a total of 1,500 men.

ANOTHER MASSACRE FEARED

TURKS PLANNING BUTCHERY OF CHRISTIANS.

Muslimans of Central and Eastern Turkey Awaiting an Opportunity to Begin Killing

New York, Feb. 2.—Fears have been repeatedly expressed during the last three months that the Turks are planning another general massacre of the Christians in the interior of Turkey. The Kurds, particularly in Kurdistan, are much excited, and it needs only a spark to start them upon their awful work. The World has information which indicates that at Maridin, Biliz, Diarbekir and Harpoot, the principal cities of Central and Eastern Turkey, the Mussulmans are only waiting a favorable opportunity to repeat their horrible work of rapine and murder of the fall of 1895 and the spring of 1896.

COURT NEWS.

Herman F. A. Gerke has commenced proceedings against the Wayne Street M. E. church, the Episcopal church, and the Berry Street M. E. church. The suit is to quiet title and Heaton & Vesey are plaintiff's attorneys.

Christian F. Pfeiffer has filed a re-monstrance against the opening of the Jacobs road north of the city, claiming that he will be damaged in the sum of \$500. P. A. Randall is his attorney.

The commissioners have received from Joseph Sommers and others a petition to establish a new road in Madison township.

POLICE COURT.

John Anderson was arraigned in police court on a charge of assault and battery. The evidence showed that he had attacked his mother-in-law, Mrs. Elizabeth Schleisser, with his fist. Mayor Scherer heard the evidence and assessed a fine of \$25 and costs. Anderson made a pitiful plea and when his honor was informed that Mrs. Anderson was confined to a hospital he allowed Anderson to go and continued the hearing until the wife has recovered. Anderson lives on Furman street.

Magnell Holman was arrested by Officer Collins for vagrancy. Mayor

Scherer gave him an hour to get out of town.

Fred Keyes, who has been confined in jail for petty larceny for thirty days, was this morning taken to Hope hospital. He is ill with quinsy.

BIG FIRE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—At 12:30 o'clock today fire broke out in the third story of Sprague, Warner & Co.'s big wholesale grocery building at Michigan avenue and Randolph streets, spreading rapidly. Two firemen, one of whom fell from a ladder, the other from the third floor, were seriously injured. At 1 o'clock Mr. Sprague, senior member of the firm, gave an estimate of the loss, putting it at \$250,000 to the stock alone. The loss on the building will be heavy. Fears were felt for the public library building for some time, but Chief Swenke later declared that the flames could be confined to the grocery building. At 1:30 the west wall, in front of which fire company 13, was working, fell. The men escaped with only a few bruises, however.

COL. STUDEBAKER IS COMING

YOUNG VETERANS TO ATTEND LAWTON EXERCISES.

Members of 157th Will Be Here in Force—Proceeding With the Details.

The veterans of the Spanish-American war will be very largely represented in Fort Wayne next Tuesday when the remains of Major General Lawton lie in state. This morning Col. G. E. Studebaker, of South Bend, advised his comrades in this city that he expected to be present, together with a large number of the soldiers from South Bend and other towns in the northern part of the state.

The Fort Wayne veterans of the Spanish-American struggle will hold a meeting at 8 o'clock Sunday afternoon at the armory, 107 Calhoun street, to make arrangements for their part in the cortege. Each of the sub-committees is actively at work arranging the preliminary arrangements for the event, and the personal representative of James Stewart & Co. arrived this morning from St. Louis to meet the committee regarding the use of the court house.

The schools have practically arranged to close on that day, and Mr. Bass has announced that all workmen at the Foundry and Machine works who desire to do so will be given an opportunity to participate in the exercises. The committee is particularly desirous of hearing from other shops and factories in the city.

THE HOME FUND.

Fort Wayne's contribution to the Lawton home fund will probably aggregate \$250. The complete list of donors up to the present time is as follows: Will Markey, Ed Markey, S. P. Auerentz, C. A. Miller, L. W. Hills, F. W. Smith, L. Freilinger, W. O. Gross, H. Pfeiffer & Son, C. W. Boshier, Ben Lehman, J. M. Moderswell, C. Tresselt & Sons, Sieman & Brother, C. H. Williams, H. P. Scherer, J. W. White, Edward White, A. B. White, W. D. Page, Charles McCulloch, S. B. Bond, R. B. Hanna, W. E. Ranke, Moorman, Yarnelle & Co., D. N. Foster Furniture company, C. A. Wilding, Margaret V. Hamilton, Mary Hamilton Williams, Ellen Hamilton Wagenhals, E. A. K. Hackett, Clark Fairbank, Beadell & Co., Fisher Bros., Rothschild Bros., J. B. Harper, Alexander Johnson, S. M. Foster, O. S. Hanna, A. Hatterley & Sons, C. L. Centivire Brewing company, The Journal company, Hoosier Manufacturing company, Henry C. Paul, Meyer Bros. & Co., Henry M. Williams, James B. White, children of the Jewish Sabbath school.

The two pieces of artillery for use in firing the salute next Tuesday arrived this morning, and are now at the Lake Shore depot. They were formerly used by the Zollinger battery and have since been kept at Auburn.

The Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad and the Pennsylvania company will make a rate of one fare for the round trip from all Indiana points and as far east as Lima for parties who desire to attend the Lawton ceremonies. It is expected that other railroads will make a similar excursion rate.

Mrs. L. A. Centivire is quite ill with a gripple. The whole family, including the domestic, are suffering from the disease. Miss Centivire, of Chicago, who is visiting Mrs. Centivire, is among the sufferers.

OUTWITTED GUARDS

Governor Taylor Served With Notice of Injunction Proceedings Despite Troops.

GOEBEL ALIVE AND HOLDING HIS OWN

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 2.—Governor Taylor has been served with notice of the suit for an injunction to restrain him from interfering with the action of the legislature and to prevent him from holding a session of the legislature at London. Service was secured, despite the most stringent orders to the sentries to allow nobody to pass in or out of the capitol grounds. Orders to this effect were given early in the morning, but were revoked later, and those having passes were allowed free access to all parts of the capitol square.

As soon as word was brought to Governor Taylor that the petition for the injunction had been filed, the orders were renewed, but they were not renewed quick enough. Alonzo Walker, the stenographer of the democratic attorneys, gained entrance to the grounds before the renewal of the order, and watching his chance, slipped a copy of the notice on the door of the executive mansion, which action constitutes a legal notice to Governor Taylor.

Walker was at once placed under arrest and is now in the guard house.

It is announced that a special session of the legislature will be held at 2 o'clock in the capitol hotel and there are rumors that all those who take part in the meeting will be placed under arrest and taken to London.

No confirmation of this story can be obtained, and it is probably only rumor as far as rumors of the afternoon meeting are concerned.

GOEBEL IS BETTER.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 2.—At 1:55 p. m. Governor Goebel's condition was considered by the attending physicians as showing if anything a slight improvement.

There was a slight acceleration of pulse due to turning the wounded man partly on his side, for the purpose of resting his muscles, but he was resting easily at that hour.

"Taking the time and his condition at this hour in consideration," said Dr. Hume, "the governor shows some improvement, but he is a very sick man."

Governor Goebel passed on the whole a comfortable night, and was this morning in better condition than on yesterday morning. His respiration had decreased and was more regular and his pulse was slower. Dr. Welch said at 7:15:

"We wish to hold out no hopes of his recovery, but the man is at least holding his own."

NOTICE IS FILED.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 2.—The following notice to Governor and Adjutant General Collier was filed this morning in the circuit court before Judge Cantrell by the democratic attorneys. South Trimble, speaker of the house, appears as the plaintiff in the case:

"W. S. Taylor and Daniel Collier—You, and each of you, are hereby notified that on Saturday, February 3rd, 1900, we will ask for an order of injunction restraining you and each of you and all others from interfering with meetings of the general assembly of the commonwealth of Kentucky in any manner whatever, or from assembling said legislature at the city of London, Laurel county, Kentucky, upon petition this day filed in the Franklin circuit court, and from committing any of the wrongs or unlawful acts therein set forth. Said motion will be made before the Hon. James E. Cantrell, of the fourteenth judicial district of Kentucky, in the circuit court room in the court house at Frankfort, Ky., at or about the hour of 11 o'clock a. m."

FILE A PETITION.

The following petition was filed in the circuit court today, all the democratic members of the legislature being signors:

"Franklin Circuit Court.—The plaintiffs state that they are members of the general assembly of the commonwealth of Kentucky duly elected at the November election,

1899, and were duly qualified as members of said general assembly on the second day of January of 1900. That the said election, held on the 7th day of November, 1899, was the regular election at which members of the general assembly could be and were elected; that each of these plaintiffs received a majority of legal votes cast at said election of the offices of senator and representatives of the commonwealth of Kentucky, and each of said plaintiffs received from the county boards of election commissioners, a board authorized and designated by the law to compare the polls and award certificates, a certificate certifying to their election as aforesaid, except the plaintiffs, McKinney and Van Meter, who were seated by the legislature after a contest. That under said certificates they qualified as senators and representatives of the commonwealth of Kentucky on the second day of January, 1900, and have ever since said date been acting as senators and representatives for the state of Kentucky and discharging the duties pertaining to the offices of senators and representatives for said state.

"That while they were engaged in the discharge of their duties, according to law, the defendant, W. S. Taylor, on the 30th day of January, 1900, without right or authority of law, and in violation of the constitution of Kentucky, and the laws in pursuance thereof, with force and arms, and with a regiment of the Kentucky state guard, dispersed the general assembly, of which these plaintiffs were members, and forcibly took possession of the capitol chamber and the hall of the house of representatives, and stationed armed men therein, and has since prohibited these plaintiffs from assembling in the capitol building in their respective chambers, and assembling in joint session therein, and has interfered with the discharge of their duties, and is still interfering and threatening to interfere with these plaintiffs in the performance of their legal duties.

"That the said Taylor has, without right or authority of law, called the legislature to meet in London, Laurel county, Kentucky, on the 6th day of February, 1900, a place remote from the seat of government, the said London being a small village, situated in a sparsely populated part of the state, with no buildings or rooms or houses sufficient to accommodate the general assembly of the commonwealth of Kentucky, in which to perform their legal duties. That he has stationed about the capitol building and in the senate chamber, and in the hall of the house of representatives armed men, and has collected a large number of armed men, who are now encamped in the capitol square to prevent these plaintiffs from meeting and discharging their duties as representatives of the people, and is threatening, by force and violence and said unlawful methods to continue in the future to prevent them from assembling and discharging their duties as such representatives.

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"The plaintiffs then quote the provision of the constitution of the state of Kentucky which Governor Taylor claims gave him the power to adjourn the legislature. The petition then continues:

"The plaintiffs now state that they had not in any manner disagreed as to the adjournment of either house, nor had they in any respect been guilty of any dereliction of duty, nor had they failed or refused to faithfully perform the duties pertaining to the general assembly and their representatives.

(Continued on Second Page.)

Foul-Smelling Catarrh.

Catarrh is one of the most obstinate diseases, and hence the most difficult to get rid of. There is but one way to cure it. The disease is in the blood and all the sprays, washes and douching mixtures in the world can have no permanent effect whatever upon it. Swift's Specific cures Catarrh permanently, it is the only remedy which can reach the disease and force it from the blood.

Mr. B. P. McAllister, of Harrodsburg, Ky., had Catarrh for years. He writes: "I would see no improvement whatever, though I was constantly treated with sprays, douches, washes, and douches, and nothing seemed to do any good. Finally I was brought to my senses by a friend who told me that I was suffering from Catarrh, and that I should use Swift's Specific. I did so, and in a few days I was cured. I am now well and happy, and I can recommend Swift's Specific to all who suffer from Catarrh." To continue the wrong treatment for Catarrh is to continue to suffer. Swift's Specific is a real blood remedy, and cures obstinate, deep-seated Catarrh, and never fails to cure even the most aggravated cases.

SSS For Blood
Is Purely Vegetable, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no dangerous minerals.
Books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

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MADE A PROTEST.

KENTUCKY CONGRESSMEN SEE THE PRESIDENT.

NO FEDERAL INTERFERENCE

WOULD MAKE TROUBLE WORSE, SAYS BLACKBURN.

BELIEVE SOLUTION POSSIBLE

PRESIDENT NOT LIKELY TO INTERVENE.

Washington, Feb. 2.—A delegation of Kentucky democrats, consisting of Senator-elect Blackburn and Representatives Rhea, Wheeler, Smith, Allen and Gilbert and Col. Phil Thompson, called upon President McKinley today at the white house to protest against federal interference in the contest in Kentucky.

Senator Lindsay arrived soon after the delegation had been admitted, and was immediately ushered into the president's public office, where the conference was in progress. Senator Blackburn and Representative Rhea acted as spokesmen.

They explained their deep solicitude lest a collision should occur between the warring elements in Kentucky and made the report that Governor Taylor had solicited federal intervention the text of their protest. They assured the president that the law and constitution of Kentucky had been strictly followed by the democrats in the contest over the governorship and that they proposed to stand by the law.

The crisis that had arisen they desired should be met in the courts and determined by the law. The democrats, they asserted, would abstain from violence. They simply desired a lawful and orderly settlement of the controversy. Federal intervention would only aggravate matters, intensify the excitement, and almost certainly lead to trouble and perhaps loss of life. They earnestly appealed to the president to avert such a calamity by abstaining from interference of any sort.

Senator Blackburn and Representative Rhea said that they were going to Kentucky to counsel peace and obedience to the law. Senator Lindsay endorsed what his colleagues had said about the democrats acting within the law and constitution, no matter how much men might differ as to the wisdom and justice of the merits of the contest. The despatch of federal troops to Kentucky, he said, would, in his opinion, create anarchy and chaos.

The president, in reply, expressed his great anxiety over the situation, his profoundest wish that violence be avoided and that the contest should be legally determined. He assured the delegation in a general way that he deplored the situation and federal interference would come only as the last resort, after having been invoked by the proper authorities under the law and constitution. While the president spoke in general terms the delegation expressed themselves as perfectly satisfied with his assurances. The members of the delegation, when they left the white house, said they had counseled their friends in Kentucky to avoid violence at any cost and that they were satisfied that if trouble came it would be precipitated by their political adversaries.

Senator Blackburn leaves this afternoon for Kentucky and Representative Rhea will follow him to-night. They will use their utmost endeavors to prevent a collision. At the same time they will act as advisers of Goebel in the legal proceedings that are to be instituted. They assert that Goebel is the legal governor and that the courts will uphold him.

Senator Lindsay remained with the president a quarter of an hour after the delegation had left. On leaving the white house he said that it was the opinion of the authorities that a case had not been made out which would warrant federal interference in Kentucky, and that he (Lindsay) was disposed to share that view. The senator said further that he did not believe there would be any more bloodshed and that before the week closed the present difficulties would be amicably settled, or in a fair way of settlement.

Upon being asked today why the democrats of Kentucky had refused to leave the settlement of the controversy to the United States supreme court, Senator Lindsay, who is an eminent lawyer, replied that doubtless it was because they considered that the United States court had no jurisdiction. He added that the state court did have jurisdiction and as it was supposed to be friendly it was not reasonable to ask the Kentucky democrats to go to an outside court which had no jurisdiction and concerning whose predilections or

prejudices nothing was known. Senator Deboe said he had not seen the president at noon concerning the petition for federal interference, but expected to see him later.

Mr. Deboe said that when he left Kentucky just before the shooting occurred he had every reason to believe that a peaceable solution would be secured. He had a plan to secure the intervention of senators on both sides of the chamber and had received assurances that led him to believe this plan would settle the entire dispute. He feels now, however, that the plan is upset by the shooting and that nothing can now be done in that line.

THE CABINET DISCUSSES IT.

Washington, Feb. 2.—After the cabinet meeting the following statement was made:

"The president has decided that no case has yet arisen to justify the intervention of the national government in Kentucky and has so informed the governor."

Some significance may attach to the use of the word "governor" in this statement inasmuch as the reply was directed to Taylor.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

O'NEILL.

Thomas Edward O'Neil died this morning after a prolonged illness from tuberculosis, at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. O'Neil, 341 West Washington street. The young man was 23 years of age and was formerly employed in the Nickel Plate offices. The father is a well known engineer on the Lake Erie and Western railroad.

The funeral services will be held from the Cathedral at a time to be announced later.

McCAFFREY.

Thomas McCaffrey, formerly of this city, died Thursday at his home in St. Louis. Mr. McCaffrey was 55 years of age and was stricken with paralysis about seven weeks ago. Mr. McCaffrey removed from Fort Wayne in 1893. While a resident of this city he lived on Walnut street, and was employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad company as a boiler-maker. He was a member of St. Patrick's church. A widow and several children survive him. Two daughters are teachers in the public schools at St. Louis. Mr. McCaffrey was a member of Matinee lodge, No. 50, A. O. U. W., of this city.

STOUDER.

William Stouder, of Wayne township, died on Thursday from kidney complaint, after an illness extending over a period of two years. He was 45 years of age. The remains were removed to the Kluhn undertaking parlors, and this afternoon were conveyed to the residence of his sister, Mrs. August Roth, of College street. The surviving brothers and sisters are James Stouder, trustee of Abote township; Charles Stouder, of this city; Mrs. William Scott, of Abote and Mrs. August Roth, of this city.

The funeral services will occur from the residence of Mrs. Roth Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Johnson. The interment will be at Oak Grove (Bullard) cemetery.

BERLINCOURT.

Alice D. Berlincourt, a pupil at the Indiana School for Feeble Minded Youth, died this morning from capillary bronchitis, at the age of 6 years, 1 month and 28 days. The little one was brought to the school from Napueue, Elkhart county.

FUNERAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Strittmatter.—Funeral services of the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Strittmatter will be held from the residence Sunday afternoon at 1:30. Interment at Lindenwood.

Kroenkeberger.—Funeral services of Hilda Kroenkeberger will be held Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock from the residence, 28 Thompson avenue, Rev. Wambagans officiating.

ANOTHER ASSASSINATION.

Middlesboro, Ky., Feb. 2.—It is reported here that William Wright, an ex-member of the Kentucky legislature and a prominent democrat, was assassinated today at Boone's Fork, near Hagat. No particulars are available.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Chris. Fahising and Jennie M. Hennan.

W. J. McAllister is visiting his brother, Dr. McAllister, for a few days. Mr. McAllister has been doing missionary work in Boston and vicinity for the past two years and a half. He is on his way home to Salt Lake City.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

REPORT SENT IN.

PHILIPPINE COMMISSION TO CONGRESS.

IS A VOLUMINOUS DOCUMENT

PROPOSES LARGE MEASURE OF SELF-RULE.

A SCHEME OF GOVERNMENT

FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE ISLANDS.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The president today transmitted to congress the first volume of the report of the Philippine commission. It is a volume of 264 pages, including the appendix, and is signed by Professor Schuchman, Admiral Dewey, Colonel Denby and Professor Worcester.

The principal subject dealt with is the plan of government proposed by the commission, which includes a discussion of the Spanish government existing prior to the war, the various reforms desired by the Filipinos and the constitution proposed by them, together with the conclusions and plans suggested by the commission. The report also covers many other matters connected with the social administration of the islands, racial characteristics, education, secular and religious orders, the Chinese in the islands, public health, currency, etc., as well as the condition and needs of the United States in the Philippines from a naval and maritime standpoint.

The second volume of the report, which will not be ready for several weeks, will contain a detailed description of the climate and natural resources of the island.

The chief interest in the report naturally centers in the plan of government proposed by the commission.

The commission announces itself unqualifiedly in favor of a government of the Philippines analogous to that of a territory of the United States with a governor appointed by the president. They say it is desirable that the inhabitants of the archipelago should enjoy a large measure of home rule in local affairs, their towns to enjoy substantially the rights and privileges of towns in a territory.

The provinces should be vested with substantially the functions of a county in a territory. This system might be applied to Luzon and the Visayan islands at once and a beginning might be made on the coast of Mindanao. The Sulu archipelago, calling for special arrangements with the sultan, the commission says, need not be considered in this connection. The Filipinos could manage their own town and county affairs through their own officers, whom they could elect with no help from American officials except such as would be involved in control of the central government at Manila. The suffrage to be restricted by educational or property qualifications, or both. This system would necessitate a small body of American officials of great ability and integrity and of patience and tact in dealing with other races, and on this account the commission recommends that they should be paid high salaries.

The commission says they could be called advisors or commissioners and that one for every 250,000 natives should suffice.

It would be the duty of such commissioners to report upon their work to the central government at Manila. Their main function would be to advise town and county councils in the discharge of the duties and to watch the collection of revenue and its expenditures.

Our government of the Philippines, the commission insists, must be adapted to the Filipinos. The commission cites the system of government by a protectorate established over the Malayan peninsula by Great Britain deeming such a protectorate inadvisable. It having been insisted that Great Britain had no sovereignty there. The United States, which possesses sovereignty over the Philippines, need not concern itself with such a scheme.

The mass of the people, except in the Sulu group and some portions of Mindanao and Palawan, which are without chieftains or rulers, are without distinction of birth or rank; in other words are a pure democracy. The kind of a protectorate which the insurgent leaders desire, the commissioners say, is one in which the United States would assume all responsibility for protecting the Philippine government against foreign aggression, while their own officials would collect revenue.

DISTINGUISHED GUESTS.

District Agent R. G. Thompson, of the Wash railroad, has just booked as passengers for the Mexican tour

which he will conduct later in the month Hon. James A. Gary, Mrs. Gary and their son and daughter. Mr. Gary will be recalled as the first postmaster general in the cabinet of President McKinley. They will join the tourist party at St. Louis.

OUTWITTED GUARDS

(Continued From First Page.)

spective offices. But, they say, notwithstanding said fact, the defendants are now threatening by a force of arms and other violent methods to force the legislature to meet at London, Laurel county, Ky., and still refuse and threaten to prevent a meeting of the general assembly in their respective chambers at the state capitol or anywhere in the city of Frankfort, the seat of government of this commonwealth, and unless enjoined and restrained by the orders of this honorable court they will prevent the meetings of the general assembly at the place designated by the constitution and laws of this commonwealth.

"They further state that Laurel county is in a lawless portion of the state, without any sufficient police force or civil authority to protect the members of the general assembly in the discharge of their official duties, and in a section of the state where many lawless disturbances and factional fights have heretofore occurred, often resulting in the adjournment of the courts of the state, making it frequently necessary for the state militia to be called out to protect the courts in the discharge of their official duties.

"And notwithstanding troops have been repeatedly called to said section and have operated in conjunction with the civil authorities, they have been totally unable to suppress the fights and lawlessness and factional strife in said sections, and the same is now completely terrorized and dominated by lawless bands of men engaged in feuds and other violations of the law. The plaintiffs further aver, that denying the right of the defendants to make an adjournment of the general assembly without their consent, they, the plaintiffs, have repeatedly made offers to enter the hall of the house of representatives and the senate chamber, at regular hours, for transacting their business and have been met with a large military force, acting under the order of the defendant, W. S. Taylor, and his adjutant general, and prohibited from entering into either house for the purpose of discharging their duties. They further say that the seat of government had not become dangerous from any enemy or from any contagion, nor had it become dangerous from any cause save the lawlessness brought about by the defendant's own unlawful and wrongful acts.

"That if the defendants are permitted to continue in the exercise of these unlawful acts they allege great and irreparable injury will result, not alone to the state, but to these plaintiffs. That his acts and doings are in plain violation of the constitution, of the rights of each and all of these plaintiffs, and destructive of that department of the government that is entrusted with the sole power of passing and enforcing such laws as may be deemed best for the public interest.

"They, therefore, ask an immediate injunction, enjoining and restraining the defendants and all others from removing or attempting to remove this legislative body to the city of London or elsewhere than the capital at Frankfort; and, furthermore, that the defendants and all others be enjoined and restrained from preventing by force, military or otherwise, the plaintiffs from entering into the house building known as the state house, in order that they may discharge their official duties to their constituents and to the state.

"Wherefore, they pray for an immediate injunction against the said Taylor and Collier, and for all other proper and equitable relief."

TAYLOR LOCKED IN.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 2.—Governor Taylor this morning ordered that nobody should be admitted to the grounds of the capitol under any circumstances. The passes heretofore which have entitled holders to go through lines, were taken up as soon as presented. The object of the new order is to prevent any civilian from serving any legal papers upon him. It is the intention of the democrats to secure an injunction at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning restraining Governor Taylor from interfering in any way with the meetings of the legislature and enjoining him and Lieutenant Governor Marshall from exercising the functions of state officers. There is little chance that service will be secured on Governor Taylor, as the executive building is circled by sentries and an entire company is posted night and day in the ante-room just outside his office. Every civilian who could possibly be a bearer of legal documents will be turned back by the soldiers.

No attempt has been made to interfere with the pardon of Douglas Hayes. Governor Taylor, by his refusal to

recognize the state courts, has placed himself in such a position that he cannot make legal process against the warden.

The one thing left for him to do is to liberate Hayes by force and he has evinced no disposition as yet to employ this means.

THE SUSPECTED ASSASSIN.

Constable Harrod, the officer who took Harland Whittaker, the alleged assassin to Louisville, has given out what is regarded as evidence pointing to the accused man's guilt. Harrod says that Whittaker, while en route to Louisville, told him that he had some \$3,000 at home and \$5 in his pocket, which he would give to be allowed to escape. The officer also says that Whittaker contradicts the statement of Captain Davis, in whose company he was found when arrested. Davis insists that Whittaker was sitting in a room adjoining Governor Taylor's office when the shot that killed Senator Goebel was fired. Constable Harrod claims that Whittaker says he was on the third floor of the building.

THE DEMOCRATS' PLANS.

The democrats' plan is to make a formal demand for admission to the executive halls in the state house every day. They will be denied admission by the militia, all of which, with the exception of two companies from Harrodsburg, will remain here. These two companies have been ordered to London for the meeting of the legislature there next Tuesday. Governor Taylor gives no intimation of abrogating his proclamation calling for the legislature to assemble at London. He is making all arrangements for the session there. Many republicans went home last night and this morning, intending to go to London Monday.

"It is probable that a quorum will not be present at the opening session of the legislature," said Representative Yarberry, "but there will be before Tuesday night, of that you can rest assured."

A REPUBLICAN COUP.

He spoke with great confidence and created the impression that it is apparent that the republicans have something in reserve. Every effort to discover what the republicans propose to do is baffled either by the restriction placed around those in authority to speak or reliance on their part. An effort to reach Governor Taylor this morning was met by the statement that Governor Taylor refused to be interrupted; that he was engrossed in giving attention to other matters that affected the welfare of Kentucky; that he had given out no statements for publication would not now and did not know when he would.

WORKMEN FALL FROM LADDER

HENRY BUHLMAN AND CONNIE SULLIVAN INJURED.

Painful Accident at Western Gas Construction Company's Works

—Other Mishaps.

Henry Buhlman and Connie Sullivan, two young men employed by the Western Gas Construction company, were painfully injured by an accident at the works of that company this morning. They were upon a ladder making some repairs to a line shaft when the ladder slipped, allowing the men to fall a distance of fifteen feet.

Buhlman sustained a dislocation of the right ankle, and the ligaments were torn loose, allowing the synovial fluid to escape. Sullivan was severely bruised about the hips, and two of his fingers were split, the flesh being completely stripped from the bones. The injured men were attended by Dr. W. F. Schrader, the company's surgeon, and were removed to their homes. Sullivan resides at 23 Taylor street, and Buhlman at 90 Baker street.

FOOT MASHED.

Thomas Ray, a laborer in the car shops of the Pennsylvania company, allowed a heavy piece of iron to fall upon his right foot this morning, mashing the member painfully. Ray lives on Wayne trace.

LOCAL NEWS.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James McMullen, of 53 West DeWald street.

Mr. and Mrs. William Birbeck, of West DeWald street, will entertain the members of the Crystal club this evening.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Westminster Presbyterian church will give an "advertisement social" in the church parlors this evening. The six Mormon elders who are now in the city will hold services every Sunday evening in the K. of L. hall, corner of Clinton and Main streets.

Bolivia is the most mountainous country of the world, and that portion of the great chain known as the Cordillera de la Paz is a colanade of pure white summits, extending more than 150 miles almost in a direct line.

ALLEN PERSISTS.

TAKES ANOTHER POKE AT THE SECRETARY OF TREASURY.

HE WANTS AN INVESTIGATION

HE PROPOSES COMMITTEE OF NINE SENATORS.

TO PROBE GAGE'S AFFAIRS

DAILY TROUBLE.

Washington, Feb. 2.—In the senate today Mr. Allen, of Nebraska, offered a resolution that a committee of nine members of the senate be appointed to make an investigation of the transactions between the treasury department and the National City and Hanover banks, of New York, and other banks, since March 4, 1897, and also to investigate the sale of the old customs house property in New York. Mr. Aldrich objected and the resolution went over.

Mr. Pettigrew called up his resolution offered yesterday to print as a public document a compilation of matter known as the "Philippine commission."

He said that the proposed document was a compilation of articles written by the executive committee of the anti-imperial league of Washington, D. C., in comment upon the report of the Philippine commission. He declared that it was impossible to reach the public on this subject through the large daily newspapers and said he wanted to do so through the printing of the document. Objection was made and the resolution went over.

At 2:40 p. m. the senate went into executive session.

As soon as the senate went into executive session The Hague peace treaty was taken up. Considerable time was consumed in reading the document.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 2.—A bill was passed authorizing the levee board of New Orleans to change the levee line in front of the marine hospital at New Orleans.

A bill giving to Cubans the most favored nation treatment in American ports was passed.

After the reception of the president's message transmitting the Philippine commission's report and its reference to the insular committee, the house resumed consideration of the Indian appropriation bill.

PORTO RICAN TARIFF.

Washington, Feb. 2.—At a special meeting of the ways and means committee today it was decided to report a bill establishing a tariff system for Porto Rico on a basis of 25 per cent. of the rates in the regular tariff law.

Gondolas on the canals of Venice are giving place to naphtha launches.

MASONIC TEMPLE

Saturday Matinee and Night, Feb. 3. BARGAIN MATINEE AT 2:30. Splendid Sensational Production.

"Midnight in Chinatown."

A Cast of Twenty Characters. Sumptuous Special Scenery. SIX—Strong Specialties—SIX. A Performance to Please Everyone. Bargain Matinee Prices—Children, 15 cents; adults, 25 and 35 cents. Night Prices—25c, 50c and 75c.

MASONIC TEMPLE

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, FEB. 5. DAVIDSON STOCK COMPANY.

Supporting the Comedy Pair, JAMES F. KELLY

and DOROTHY KENT.

Change of play and specialties nightly.

Monday Night—"CHEEK."

Tuesday Night—"THE HAND OF FATE."

Prices—10c, 20c, 30c. Ladies half price Monday night if seat is secured before 6 p. m.

Seats on sale Saturday morning.

PRINCESS RINK

THIRD SEASON WOMEN'S CLUB LEAGUE ENTERTAINMENT COURSE.

MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 5.

GEORGE KENNAN,

Will Deliver His New Lecture,

CUBA.

Ticket holders will be admitted at both north and south doors of the Rink. Tickets for sale on the evening of the concert at north door only.

Tickets and reserved seats on sale at Woodworth's drug store.

Sale opens 9 a. m., Saturday.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MUSICAL INSTRUCTOR.

Mr. Charles Duncan Allen,

ORGANIST AND CHOIRMASTER.

Teacher of Voice Culture, Piano, Organ and Theory of Music at

At Parish House, on West Berry,

Wednesdays and Fridays, from 2

to 4 to meet those desiring instructions in any of these branches.

UNDERPAER.

ROBERT KLAEMN,

80 West Main.

Undertaker.

LICENSED

Tomorrow

THERE WILL BE SOME GREAT HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR SELLING.

Closing-out prices on all fleece-lined Wrappers, Shirt Waists, etc. Special half prices on Gloves, Mittens, Corsets, Ribbons and Outing Flannel Night Robes.

Ladies' 15c Fleece-lined Hose. 10c a pair.

Ladies' 30c Fleece-lined Hose, reduced to 25c a pair.

Ladies' Fancy Hose, worth 25c, at 15c a pair.

Ladies' 25c Wool Hose at 19c.

Children's 15c and 20c Fleece-lined Stockings, reduced to 12 1/2c.

Men's 10c Cotton Socks, 5c a pair.

Ladies' 25c Fleece-lined Pants at 15c.

Children's 39c value Vests and Pants for 25c.

Boys' 35c Underwear, 25c.

Men's 75c heavy Fleece-lined Underwear at 50c.

Men's \$1.50 Outing Flannel Night Robes at \$1.00.

Ladies' \$1.50 Fleece-lined Wrappers, reduced to \$1.00.

Ladies' \$1.00 Kid Gloves at 60c a pair.

C. J. WELKER,
SCHMITZ BLOCK,
118 CALHOUN ST.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

FRIDAY, FEB. 2, 1900.

TONIGHT.

Hebrew Temple—Regular services.

G. A. R.—Regular meeting of Anthony Wayne Post, No. 271, in G. A. R. hall.

Pressmen—Regular meeting of Union No. 19.

Plumbers—Regular meeting of Union No. 100, at No. 27 East Berry street, third floor.

Volunteers of America—Religious services in the armory at No. 203 Calhoun street.

Lodges—Summit City, No. 170, F. & A. M., meets for work; Fort Camp, No. 753, Royal Neighbors; Ladies Temple, No. 11, Knights of the Golden Eagle; B. P. O. E., No. 135; Concordia, No. 41, D. of R.; Royal Templars; Pathfinders; Summit Encampment, No. 10, I. O. O. F.; Mad Anthony Tent, No. 95, K. O. T. M.; Maumee, No. 50, A. O. U. W.; Good Samaritans of the World.

Masonic Temple—Week's events: Saturday matinee and evening—“Midnight in Chinatown.”

Does Senator Pettigrew get paid for working overtime?

Governor Taylor's unfitness for his office is shown in his application to McKinley for a guardian.

The house expects to coerce Brigham Roberts to an evidence of good faith by disallowing his claim for mileage.

General Butler seems to be getting the typewriter habit, a malady which has afflicted General Otis with great malignity for upwards of a year or more.

The war Britain is waging in South Africa has become a fight for principle—the principle that if she succeeds in not getting licked in this conflict she may escape some other “scraps” now imminent.

According to a statement credited to ex-Congressman Springer, a friend of his, a Creek Indian, who was among our volunteers in the Philippines, found there a tribe of Malays whose dialect was so close to that of the Creek nation that the Indian could understand them and they him.

Butler has been twice hurled back with heavy loss in his attempt to reach Ludysmith, the beleaguered force in that town is being depleted by disease and beer shells, is on half rations and ultimately doomed to capture, yet General White's helicopter flashes forth the signal that all is well and all are cheerful. This philosophy is worthy of Mark Tapscott at his best. There is some credit in being gay under such circumstances.

The proposition now being discussed in New York and Paris for holding a Franco-American revolver contest by cable is gaining in favor. If it should finally be tried it ought to furnish to Count de Castellane and

to the editor of Figaro an excellent and new means of fighting their duel without waiting to come within sight of each other. The cable costs would be offset by the absence of cost for the surgeon's services, though being a French duel the danger of casualties is somewhat remote.

The state fee and salary commission is having trouble in arriving at an equitable basis for salaries of county officers. One of the plans suggested now is that clerks shall be paid on the basis of ten cents per capita for the population up to 10,000 and five cents thereafter, and \$20 for each million dollars of tax valuation. It is also suggested that 10 per cent. of all fees collected be retained. This would make the salaries in the different counties about the same as those paid now. It has been practically decided that no basis will be decided on until the new census is taken.

MAY COMPEL VACCINATION.

After having the case for two years, the supreme court yesterday decided that it is within the power of the state legislature to compel vaccination. The decision was rendered in a case brought by Frank D. Blue to restrain Fannie M. Beach and Orville E. Connor, respectively, a teacher and superintendent of the public schools of Terra Haute, Ind., from excluding his son, Klev Blue, from school. The justification for excluding the boy from school was in the failure and refusal of Blue to have him vaccinated when the school board ordered that no child should be permitted to attend school unless vaccinated. This action was taken under a general rule adopted by the state board of health and the local board of health as a necessary precaution against a threatened epidemic of smallpox. The court says the policy of vaccination is one for the legislature or board of health to determine; that the preservation of the public health is one of the state's duties, and that compulsory vaccination is clearly within the police power of the state. Rules and regulations of this character, adopted by the board of health by virtue of legislative authority, have the force and effect of legislative enactments.

SHOULD BE IMPEACHED.

We do not know what scope is furnished by the constitution of the state of Kentucky for the impeachment of Acting Governor Taylor. If there is no constitutional provision for impeachment under the urgency and stress of present circumstances then the people of Kentucky should make haste to amend their constitution.

Whether the Goebel party was right or wrong in the attempt to unseat Taylor does not enter into the question. They were proceeding in an orderly, peaceable and legal manner to the accomplishment of their purpose by the course which the law of the state prescribes. The law may not be a good law in its moral aspects, but it is none the less the law and the supreme court of the state has upheld it. For the law Taylor has substituted force. To throttle the law by which the opposition was proceeding against him he prorogued the legislature, proclaimed a removal of the seat of government to a remote and lawless section of the state where he might profit by the rioting bound to ensue, and with bayonets he suspended the sittings of the law-making body of the commonwealth. He proclaimed a state of insurrection when none existed beyond the fact that the capital of the state was filled with his armed adherents summoned to maintain by violence what could not be maintained by law.

Taylor was acting with no higher motive than to keep hold on his office and maintain his party in control of the government. To do this he usurped powers that gravely imperil the vital principles of civil government. He was seeking not to preserve peace and order and the forms of law, but to hold on to his office at whatever cost might be involved. Taylor is guilty of a dangerous, tyrannous, vicious, and it cannot be doubted, wholly illegal abuse of power, that calls for impeachment if the constitution of the commonwealth of Kentucky vouchsafes the authority to proceed against those who seek to overthrow the organic law of free government in that state.

ACCUSED BY WATTERSON

Acting Governor Declared Responsible for the Shooting of Goebel.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 2.—Henry Watterson has in the Courier-Journal today an editorial in which he severely arraigns the part of the republicans in the attempted assassination of William Goebel. It is as follows:

“Many a man has been hanged upon less evidence than that which connects Mr. Taylor with the attempted assassination of Mr. (now Governor) Goebel. Mr. Taylor, by the money and grace of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company and the intimidated concurrence of the officers of election in the recent count of votes—say nothing about the law-abiding acquiescence of the democratic legislature and the democratic masses of the state, this Taylor, acting as de-facto governor of Kentucky—no sooner found himself clothed with the little brief authority thus vested in him than he began to organize for the forcible retention of his de-facto appointment.

WHEALEN CASE BROUGHT UP.

“Whether the scheme of the Louisville and Nashville management to buy, through Whalen, enough members of the senate to defeat the democratic contestants, without any resort to violence, succeeded, Mr. Taylor thought to make himself doubly assured by providing an army in advance. Everything was to be hoped from corruption, but nothing was to be left in chance. If the plan to buy out succeed, well and good; but if it fail, this mighty man of war had no thought of surrendering the place he provisionally held. The first thing to be done was to proceed with the organization of the militia on a republican basis begun by his predecessor. The next thing was to bring to the state capital a host of wild mountain men, reckless of human life, used to the handling of firearms and trained to covert and safe assassination.

“To justify these proceedings the organs and orators were loaded with incendiary appeals to the most degrading of our species. They were cocked and primed to prepare the way for precisely what has happened and what was adroitly and exactly planned to happen.

MOUNTAINERS PARDONED.

“Mr. Taylor gathered about him his republican militia officers. He arranged to have the people's armament, including Governor Bradley's gaiting guns that did such good work on election day, so disposed as to be ready for emergency. The disgraceful Harvel business bringing things to a crisis, he called down his murderous mountain men. As was inevitable, some of them proceeded to make night hideous upon their arrival in Frankfort, and being arrested by the local police they were, though taken red-handed, promptly pardoned in advance of trial and bade to go free; a public notice that they and their comrades, brought to the state capital for a specific purpose, might do their worst, sure of executive clemency.

“That this would surely end in bloodshed went without saying. That it was designed to promote bloodshed showed upon the face of it. It was in effect to put a premium on murder.

ARREST OF ASSASSIN BLOCKED.

“No one, however, could have contemplated that the de-facto governor would go to the length he has gone in condoning murder, after promoting, after setting them on, Mr. Goebel was shot down from an ambush provided by the de-facto Governor Taylor. Instantly all effort to arrest his assassin was blocked by Taylor's orders. Two days have passed and not a word is said by this mock governor, so ready with his treasonable proclamations and so prompt with his lawless use of troops to disperse legislative bodies and to terrorize courts of law, to pursue the perpetrators of the horrible deed done under his own official roof, almost in his presence, and by men brought to Frankfort by his orders. If this be not a public acknowledgement of complicity, then there is no significance in human conduct. Even a Louisville and Nashville railroad attorney would characterize it as at the very least ‘contributory negligence.’”

STORMONT INSTALLED.

Lafayette, Ind., Feb. 2.—Gil R. Stormont, the new commandant of the state soldiers' home, arrived at 3 p. m. yesterday and was met at the depot by an escort which took him to the home, where the trustees were in session and where he was installed. Then the trustees and the new head of the institution held an informal discussion on matters affecting the management. Mr. Stormont was delayed in arriving here, having missed Monan connections and being compelled to come around by the Wabash. He was accompanied by Mrs. Stormont. The couple will be established at once in the new cottage erected for the commandant and will soon be at home to their friends.

Last evening an informal reception was given to the new officer in the chapel, where the inmates and others were given an opportunity to meet him. A number of short talks were made by the trustees and one by Mr. Stormont, who begins his work with the good wishes of all interested in the welfare of the institution.

LINCOLN LEAGUE'S MEETING

ANDERSON ARRANGING FOR A BIG GATHERING.

Booker T. Washington to Speak First Night—Governor Mount and H. G. Keegan to Be There.

Anderson, Ind., Feb. 2.—The committee having in hand the program for the state meeting of the Lincoln league, to be held in Anderson on February 12 and 13, has decided on many of the men to be placed on the program and their acceptances have been received.

Booker T. Washington, the great negro educator and orator, will be the star attraction at the evening meeting the first day. His address will be delivered at the new opera house, which will seat 1,800 people. After this address there will be a banquet at the Anderson hotel. Plates will be spread for from two to three hundred. Governor Mount will be present and speak and Senators Fairbanks and Beveridge have promised to come, providing the vote on the currency bill is not called at about that time.

Among the other speakers during the different sessions will be John D. Williams, of New Albany; George A. Cunningham, of Evansville; Hugh G. Keegan, of Fort Wayne; J. Frank Hanly, of Lafayette; John B. Cockrum, of Indianapolis; Judge E. H. Bundy, of New Castle; A. M. Higgins, of Terre Haute, and Chairman C. S. Henly.

All the candidates for nomination for state offices will be here, as it will be the best opportunity of the year for making friends among republicans. Colonel Durbin, candidate for the nomination for governor, is taking an interest in the meeting. He is on several of the committees. During the meeting he will entertain the candidates for the nomination for governor at a dinner to be given at his home.

The apportionment of delegates to the meeting is one for every two hundred votes for the state ticket two years ago, and this will run the number to 1,400. Whole clubs will come from the larger cities.

At the coming meeting a resolution will be presented that will look to the changing of the name back to “The League of Republican Clubs of Indiana.” The resolution will likely pass, and in expectation of this a new constitution and by-laws have been drawn up. It is thought best for several reasons to cut loose from the national organization of the Lincoln league.

PUERTO RICANS COMPLAINING.

New York, Feb. 2.—Business men in Puerto Rico are complaining loudly against the unsettled condition of affairs in that island. They say that its continuance will mean nothing less than the absolute ruin of their interests and of Puerto Rican trade. Muller, Schell & Co., 51 Wall street, who have been doing a banking business with Puerto Rican firms for many years, have just received a letter from their correspondents which says: “The misery among the laboring classes is frightful. The mortality is awful, 25 per cent. of the people dying from sheer lack of food.”

OPPOSED TO INNOVATIONS.

For some time the younger members of the Quaker congregation in Plainfield, N. J., have wished to introduce steam heat, electric lights and other modern comforts in their meeting house, and recently brought the matter up in meeting. After an earnest debate on it the congregation decided to continue with the old-fashioned boxwood stove and oil lamps, as they have done since 1777. —Baltimore News.

NOTICE.

Owing to the increased demand, our supply of the following popular books is becoming limited, and we would advise those who wish to possess a copy to procure the same as early as possible. The price per volume is only 50c, and the titles are:

“David Harum.”
“Richard Carvel.”
“Janice Meredith.”
“The Lion and the Unicorn.”
“The Choir Invisible.”
“When Knighthood Was in Flower.”

This special price of 50c per volume will continue during our Great Semi-Annual Sale.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

HE DID NOT LAST.

McGOVERN PUT EDDIE SANTRY OUT OF BUSINESS.

END CAME IN FIFTH ROUND

CHICAGO FIGHTER MADE A GOOD SHOWING.

McGOVERN WAS TOO RAPID

IMMENSE CROWD SAW THE MILL IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Terry McGovern, of Brooklyn, at Tattersalls last night proved his right to the title of feather-weight champion of the world by knocking out Eddie Santry, of Chicago, who claimed the leadership of the 122-pound class by virtue of a knockout of Ben Jordan, of England. The knockout came in the fifth round after a fierce mix-up, in which Santry did some clever work, but McGovern was too strong for the Chicago lad, and straightening Santry up with a short-arm jolt to the stomach, landed left and right to the jaw in quick succession and Santry fell to the floor on his face. He got up at the count of ten, but was in such a weakened condition that Referee George Siler declared McGovern the winner to save Santry from further punishment, as he was staggering all over the ring and would have been out with the next blow. Santry was down in the second round for the count, but got up strong, and in long range fighting had a shade the advantage, as Terry seemed to be unable to solve Santry's two-handed work. Santry's clever blocking appeared to bother McGovern for awhile as he was unable to reach the stomach with any effect. Santry tried to fight at long range, but Terry would rush in headlong and took nunny a left-hand jab on his nose in his anxiety to land a knockout.

In the third Santry made an even break of it, doing some good jabbing, and Terry was unable to get in close enough to use his short-arm jolts that have made him famous. In the fourth round Terry commenced playing for the jaw and after a fierce mix-up landed a right swing to the jaw which sent Santry to the floor for the count.

The blow weakened Santry and when he got up he clung to save himself. On the break Terry started playing for the body and this time he was able to land, and from that time to the end of the fight Santry gradually grew weaker from his piling short-arm jolts. Near the end of the round Santry rallied and drove his left to Terry's face, but the latter did not appear to mind the blow and made a headlong rush for Santry and sent him to the floor with a right to the jaw. Santry tried to keep away in the fifth, but Terry slowed him down with a breath-taking blow in the stomach. Santry seeing that he could not escape from Mac made a stand in the middle of the ring. Both were swinging wildly, when suddenly Terry uppercut Santry on the jaw. Santry's guard dropped for the smallest fraction of a second and Mac whipped the left over to the jaw. He followed the blow up with a right swing and caught Santry on the ear as he was falling. Santry fell to the floor on his face and rolled over. At the count of nine he got to his knees and tried to straighten up, but was unable to stand, and the referee gave the fight to Mac. Santry was unable to leave the ring for fully ten minutes after being counted out. McGovern did not have a mark on him as he left the ring. The betting before the fight was 2 to 1 that Santry would be knocked out before the end of the sixth round.

It was the greatest boxing show ever brought off in Chicago. Special trains were run from near-by towns and fully 15,000 people jammed and pushed through the building. The box receipts amounted to over \$18,000.

A PURITY IN POLITICS BILL.

Albany N. Y., Feb. 2.—In the Assembly today the bill making it a misdemeanor for any person to solicit from a candidate for any elective office money or other property as a consideration for a newspaper or other publication supporting any candidate for an elective office was passed.

LADIES

Tomorrow we will supply your little daughter with a nice new winter jacket or long coat at exactly half-price.

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Express trains pass each other at a velocity of ninety yards a second.

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Something Useful.
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Loans money &
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000 security for
depositors.

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I. R.

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FINE BOOTS
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Mending, clean-
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Ladies' Clothing.
We call for and
deliver goods.

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38 Harrison St.,
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Four doors
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Will make
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Ground floor, 23
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Established 1873
Abstracts of
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Money to loan
5 1/2 and 6 per
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Attorney-at-law

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TARIUM and
WATER CURE,
181 Calhoun St.,
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All Chronic
diseases cured by
Kneipp Water
Cure.
Baths of every
description.
Wm. Kneipp,
Prop., and Mgr.

Telephones—
Office, 377.
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Undertakers and
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PRICE PAID
For second-hand
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246 CALHOUN
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All work guar-
anteed.
Dyeing, Press-
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We call for and
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F. G. LUBS,
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Lesson Free.
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Men's half soles
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Will remove to
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WANTED
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phone No. 382
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your husband's
laundry.

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We have a complete stock of Sur-
gical Instruments, Trusses, Crutches,
and Physicians' supplies.

THE FIGHT WARM.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST SALOONS
IN AUBURN.

LIQUOR MEN ARE ACTIVE

COMMISSIONERS TO DECIDE
NEXT WEEK.

BIG FIRE IN INDIANAPOLIS

GENERAL NEWS OF THE STATE
OF INDIANA.

Auburn, Ind., Feb. 2.—Few people in this city have passed through a political campaign which was more vigorously fought than the present battle now being waged between the temperance people and saloon men. For two weeks the teetotalers have been pushing their canvass for re-monstrators, and have been confronted by their enemy with both money and untruthful statements. The first scandalous story circulated was that the Eckhart carriage factory had discharged several employes who refused to sign the remonstrance. This proved to be a myth. Then followed the little paper, "Equal Rights," which was scattered promiscuously about the streets on two previous Saturdays. This was filled with misrepresentations and attacks on churches and ministers. Finding the temperance workers to dead earnest, the saloon men and local brewery agent last week and employed able counsel, and soon thereafter a petition was in circulation to revoke the power of attorney. This, with the signers they may secure, will be presented to the board of county commissioners. This method of procedure has been worked with all earnestness.

IMPROVEMENT IN BUSINESS.

Chaplain Medbury, of Angola, lectured here on temperance, and extended the well wishes of the business and professional men of that city to the citizens of Auburn, in their efforts to be rid of the saloons. These words of encouragement were in the form of a statement, showing that the absence of saloons in that city was not as had been reported, but, on the contrary, business was better, and cash sales were larger, while book accounts were smaller, and the town was more peaceable. Chaplain Medbury also showed a comparison of the amount of liquor sent in the town by freight in the corresponding months of November and December, of 1897, when they had saloons, and 1898, when they had only a five-gallon place. In 1897 there were 37,000 pounds, and in 1898, 6,000, a loss of about 31,000 pounds.

This statement, the saloon men now claim, was untrue; however, the temperance people have the exact figures from the freight agent, and will publish a sworn statement, sustaining Chaplain Medbury.

The county commissioners will meet next Monday, when the petitions will be presented. It is anticipated that one of the largest crowds seen for many months will be here. Waterloo, Ashley, Butler and other neighboring towns are watching the movement here with great anxiety, and if successful, these towns will circulate a similar petition. There is a strong sentiment against the saloons in Northern Indiana.

BREAKS OUT AT LAPORTE.

Laporte, Ind., Feb. 1.—Smallpox has broken out here, a case having developed on Park street. The disease was brought here by a man named Camp, who came here from southern Indiana. He became ill, and before the disease developed he left for home; but all of the 100 men working with him were exposed to the contagion. His brother, who lives on Park street, was taken ill three days ago, and Drs. Darling and Seabey at first sight feared smallpox. They ordered and maintained a strict quarantine, and yesterday pronounced the case unquestionably one of smallpox. The board of health is now busy enforcing vaccination, and everything is being done to prevent the spread of the disease.

PAINLESS VACCINATION.

Logansport, Ind., Feb. 1.—Vaccination without pain or inflammation is the latest departure in local medical practice. The process is the result of a theory evolved by Dr. Leisher, of the Pennsylvania Relief, and Dr. J. W. Stewart. It is well known to physicians that hundreds of people abhor vaccination because of the pain and inconvenience attending the inflammation which accompanies vaccination under the old methods. Accordingly, the physicians have been experimenting with gelatine disks, which are placed over the point where the virus is injected. The point of injection is thus made perfectly air-tight, excluding parasites and other foreign matter calcu-

lated to produce inflammation. Consequently, the beneficial results are obtained without the soreness. A number of patients have submitted to the treatment, and no annoyance has been experienced in any case. School children have pursued their studies as usual, free from pain or inconvenience. It is probable that this method will come into general use, and physicians believe that when it is understood that vaccination is probably painless, the public will be quick to adopt the only safe-guard against smallpox. There has been little alarm in this city, except that due to the presence of tramps, and the health authorities have called a meeting to discuss the advisability of vaccinating all hoboes and vagrants that the police can find.

VILLAGE FEUD ENGENDERED.

Laporte, Ind., Feb. 2.—The jury in the action for \$10,000 damages, brought by John Noble, of Rolling Prairie, against Township Trustees E. R. Adams, returned a verdict giving Noble \$400. There is still a grand jury indictment for assault pending against Adams. Noble and Adams are rival business men, and their troubles have divided the village, estranging relations of the families and almost bringing about a feud.

BODIES IN THE WRECK.

Crown Point, Ind., Feb. 2.—On the 10th day of November of last year, the schooner Chiquita was wrecked on the Lake Michigan beach, near Miller Station, this county. All on board were drowned. The bodies of Captain Way and an unidentified seaman were recovered from the wreck and buried. Recently unmistakable symptoms have disclosed other bodies confined in the wreck, for which a search will be made as soon as the weather permits.

INSISTING UPON A TRIAL.

Goshen, Ind., Feb. 2.—Mrs. Charles Moulter, of Lagrange county, may be tried for the murder of her two children, to whom she administered rat poison last summer, at the same time attempting her own life. She recovered, and was adjudged insane. Citizens of Lagrange now demand of Prosecutor Sims that she be arrested and given a trial, as they allege that she is a sane woman.

CANDIDATES FOR JUDGE.

Valparaiso, Ind., Feb. 2.—Attorney V. S. Beller, of Hammond, has announced his candidacy for the republican nomination for judge of the Porter-Lake-Laporte superior court. Judge Futhill, of Michigan City, is a candidate for renomination. Ex-Judge H. A. Gillett, of this city, is also mentioned as a candidate.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Crown Point, Ind., Feb. 2.—Mrs. Robert Coutts, of Miller Station, was burned to death yesterday. She was clearing a mantle shelf, when a lamp fell upon a hot stove. The oil ignited and set her clothing on fire, and before assistance arrived she was fatally burned.

ROLL OF MONEY CONSUMED.

Goshen, Ind., Feb. 2.—The home of Hiram Pinkerton, near Milford, with contents, was destroyed by fire last night, the contents including \$300 in greenbacks. The total loss is \$1,300.

A MAYOR FOR CONGRESS.

Portland, Ind., Feb. 2.—Mayor Joseph T. Day, of Dunkirk, is boomed as a candidate for the congressional nomination in the Eighth district, on the democratic ticket.

FOR STATE TREASURER.

Valparaiso, Ind., Feb. 2.—Ex-County Treasurer John Dyer, of Crown Point, will be a candidate for the republican nomination for treasurer of Lake county.

A RECEIVERSHIP DENIED.

Laporte, Ind., Feb. 2.—Judge Tut-hill, of the superior court, has refused to make the appointment of a receiver for the Bankers' Fraternal society of Hammond.

PROVIDED FOR HIS BURIAL.

Centerville, Ind., Feb. 2.—John Burris, who died near here, made all arrangements for his burial and had his grave made according to his own directions.

KICKED TO DEATH.

Goshen, Ind., Feb. 2.—Albert Bee-miller, twenty years old, unmarried, living near Wakarusa, was kicked by a horse and died in two hours.

MICHAELIS-M'CLURE.

Logansport, Ind., Feb. 2.—O. E. Michaelis, of this city, and Miss Cap-itolin McClure were quietly married.

Wednesday evening at the home of the bride in Marion. They will reside in this city. Mr. Michaelis is employed on the editorial staff of the Daily Reporter. He has a wide professional acquaintance, having sung baritone with several musical aggregations previous to this season.

TO TEST PHARMACY LAW.

Indianapolis, Feb. 2.—Suit has been filed in the superior court by John Milton Rhodes against the Indiana board of pharmacy, asking for a writ of mandate to compel the board to grant him a certificate as a registered pharmacist. Rhodes asserts that he is a regular licensed physician and the proprietor and manager of a drug store. Last June he applied to the board for a license as a pharmacist, but it was refused. His attorneys are suing on the ground that the law governing the licensure of pharmacists is not retroactive, and that as Rhodes was conducting his store before the law went into effect he may continue to conduct it and is entitled to a license. The suit is a test case and will be carried to the supreme court.

FIRE IN INDIANAPOLIS.

Indianapolis, Feb. 2.—Fire visited the wholesale district of this city last night, and within two hours over \$300,000 worth of property was destroyed. The flames broke out shortly after 5 o'clock in the wholesale grocery store of George W. Stout & Co., in South Meridian street, and soon enveloped the building, causing a loss of nearly \$200,000. The fire spread quickly to the wholesale drug house of A. Kiefer & Co., which was damaged to the extent of about \$50,000. The fire also communicated to the wholesale grocery store of Brinkmeyer, Kuhn & Co., resulting in heavy damage by fire and water.

The efforts of the firemen were greatly retarded by the ice, which formed in the streets, on the apparatus and on the street car trolley wires. Six firemen were prostrated by an electric shock before a water tower could be placed in working position. Several firemen had narrow escapes from death in an explosion which unexpectedly occurred on the fourth floor of the Stout building, throwing glass and debris into the firemen's faces.

NORTHERN INDIANA NOTES.

The late Richard Gregg, of DeKalb county, was the greenback candidate for governor in 1880, and the populist candidate for congress in 1894. As the fast freight was passing through Milford Thursday morning it ran into a wagon and team driven by Robert Anderson. The wagon was wrecked and Roberts fatally injured.

Thomas Thorne, Thursday morning, found the lifeless body of his father, Isaac F. Thorne, in the stable, at the home of the latter, near Wabash. Mr. Thorne had gone out to attend to duties at the stable and it is presumed, was stricken with heart disease and fell. He was quite old when found, indicating that death had ensued some time before the discovery. Mr. Thorne was 77 years old and since 1854 had been a resident of Wabash county. He was a brother-in-law of ex-Representative Cowgill.

Thomas McGinn, 63 years of age, a resident of Huntington county for fifty years, died Wednesday. He was from County Armagh, Ireland, coming to America with his parents when about 20 years old. Three of his sons gave up their lives for the cause of the Union in the civil war—James dying in Andersonville prison, William (captain of company I, Twentieth Indiana), being killed at Prairie Grove, Ark., and John dying from exposure while in camp. Two sons and one daughter survive him. He was in the best of health until four weeks before his death, and his demise was the result of old age.

NEWS FROM INTERIOR.

Wrangell, Alaska, Jan. 23.—(Via Seattle, Feb. 2.)—Mail from the Cassiar, B. C. region came down the Stikine for the first time since November 15. The carrier reported the whereabouts of Captain Dixon, of Halifax, who was reported lost on Hays mountain last fall. He was en route from Dense Lake to Telegraph. The winter in the interior has been unusually mild and the snow fall light. Few people are wintering inside.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

One of the greatest boric deposits in the world is in the mountains just north of Daggett, on the Mojave desert.

A CLOSE CALL FOR SWENIE

CHICAGO'S VETERAN FIRE
CHIEF OVERCOME BY SMOKE.

Carried Helpless From a Burning
Building by His Men—His Con-
dition Not Serious.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Fire Chief Swenie had a narrow escape from death early today in the burning factory of the Rauch Furniture manufacturing company. The veteran head of the department was overcome by smoke and fell unconscious in the rear of the office on the first floor. Members of engine company No. 3 bore Chief Swenie from the building just in time to save his life. The chief had gone into the building alone and it was several minutes before his men knew of his peril. The structure, which is four stories high and covers a large area, was burning fiercely from the second floor, where the fire originated, to the roof, but the blaze had not penetrated downward to the first floor when the chief arrived in response to the alarm that was turned in soon after the fire was discovered.

Four companies were directing streams from leads of hose upon the blaze. While waiting for the summoned reinforcements to arrive Chief Swenie seized an ax and broke in the front door of the factory. He went within almost unnoted. After some little time elapsed and his absence was noted, a number of firemen went in search of him. The chief's face had a deathly pallor. His eyes were closed, his breath was coming faintly and his arms hung nerveless by his side when he was carried into the street.

Never before had the veteran been overcome and never had there been necessity for rescue of him by his own men.

The group that gathered about him felt sure that some serious injury had been sustained by Chief Swenie, but an examination disclosed that smoke alone had caused him to lose consciousness.

After a few minutes the unconscious chief was partially revived. He was then removed to a nearby engine house. A physician who was called said the marshal's condition was not serious. This is the first time in over half a century of firefighting that Swenie has been compelled to retreat before his foe. Lately Chief Swenie has been subject to fainting spells and it is supposed that he was seized with one of these when the cloud of smoke settled down on him.

The damage to the Rauch Manufacturing company will reach \$75,000.

HALF MILLION LOSS.

Youngstown, Ohio, Feb. 2.—Late last night fire broke out in McElroy Furniture company's store and extended to J. M. Ewer & Sons' store of dry goods and to the adjoining block occupied by G. M. McKeivey & Co.

The total loss will aggregate between \$400,000 and \$500,000. The individual losses are: McElroy and Ewer, \$200,000; Scott & Jones, piano dealers, \$40,000; McKeivey & Co., \$200,000.

The loss is covered by 80 per cent. of insurance.

The origin of the fire is unknown. The fire was gotten under control at 3:30 this morning. During the progress of the fire John Milla, a spectator, dropped dead from heart disease, and C. A. Patterson was struck on the head by a piece of brick which fell from one of the buildings. He was taken to the hospital. The firemen suffered severely from the cold weather, the mercury being 5 degrees below zero.

PLAN A NEW BUILDING.

Plans for a new building for the Indiana School for Feeble Minded Youth will be submitted to the trustees of the institution at their next meeting, and it is expected the work of erection will be at once authorized. The new building will be called Colonia, and will be erected on the colony farm of the institution at a cost of about \$15,000. The new structure will be used for day rooms and dormitories, and will have an assembly hall 63x75 feet in size.

BIG LOCKOUT IMMINENT.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Failure on the part of the Building Trades council of Chicago to act on the rules submitted by the Contractors' association at their meeting today, so circulars issued by several contractors to their employes assert, will result in a lockout Monday. The threat is the first that had been made by the contractors since the drawing of the rules. The circulars were passed by the employers of the sheet metal and bridge and structural iron workers. As neither of these unions had trouble over the wage scale, the action of the contractors is taken to mean that the lockout will be declared without differences on wages. President Car-

roll, of the Building Trades council, said that no attention would be paid to the threats of the contractors. None of the labor leaders express hopes that a successful settlement can be reached before Monday. They regard it as certain that a lockout will be called on that day and say they will take no steps to prevent it. They believe they can win in a short time and think the general contractors will support them.

RELIEF UNION REPORT.

Emma Jenkinson, superintendent of the Fort Wayne Relief union, reports that during the month of January the union has received the following donations: From the Elks, orders on Fort Wayne merchants for shoes, dry goods and groceries amounting to almost \$75; from the South Wayne Miner and Hamilton schools, a large donation of fruits, vegetables, groceries and clothing and fifteen cents in cash; sixteen packages of clothing from individual donors; meat for work room from Mrs. C. S. Knight; bread for work room from Vienna bakery; money from Mrs. Martha Melshelmer and Miss Burgess. Thirteen families have received clothing, ten have received shoes, six groceries. Have had sixty-two women in the workroom, two receiving bed-clothing, twenty-six shoes, six groceries and twenty-eight clothing. Paid one man from labor yard \$1.50 in groceries. Have had fifty-eight calls at the office, thirty-five telephone calls and made seventeen calls.

CURIOSITY GRATIFIED.



1—Now, my little son, see how nature provides a home for the little denizens of the fields and woods. You may be sure this hole in the old apple tree is the refuge of some little creature.



2—I'll just take the liberty to peek in and perhaps I can see what he is like. Just a moment now—



3—Oh, yes! It's an owl!

DIVORCE ENDS HONEYMOON.

Colorado Springs, Col., Feb. 2.—The briefest interim between the marriage vows and their dissolution in a Colorado district court is found in the instance of Denton W. Piper and Miss Charlotte W. Power, both of Colorado Springs. They were to all appearances happily married on January 16 last. Yesterday their marriage was dissolved in El Paso county court. The groom brought suit, alleging extreme cruelty and inhuman treatment. His testimony was that every day during his brief marital experience Mrs. Piper assured him of her love for another man. Wednesday she left abruptly

"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust"

TO WASH COLORED TABLE CLOTHS

A great many persons who live on farms and have to do their own washing, used colored table linen to save washing. To keep them looking new and from fading use a little

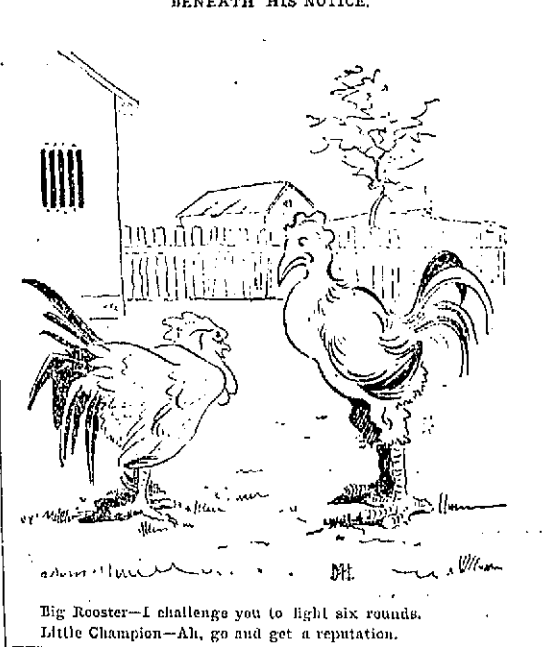
Gold Dust Washing Powder

In the wash water, and dry in the shade. It is wonderful how long a green and red tablecloth will keep its freshness washed this way. Wash red or colored napkins the same way.

The above is taken from one of our "GOLDEN ADVICE FOR HOUSEWIVES" sent free on request to

THE M. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.

BENEATH HIS NOTICE.



Big Rooster—I challenge you to fight six rounds. Little Champion—Ah, go and get a reputation.

A TOUGH ONE.



Mr. Kal Somine—Yo' see, deacon, we killed dis yer rooster yistiddy, knowin' yo' opposed dat kin' o' work on Sunday. Deacon Fowler—Pity yo' didn't kill him a year ago. Mist' Kal.

GERMAN ENTERPRISE.

German is the business language of the Balkans. Russian diplomacy complains that Constantinople is becoming as German as Berlin. Asia Minor is slowly being converted into a German colony; and now the Baghdad railway will carry the same influence 2,000 miles onward to the Persian gulf, placing the greatest military power of the world upon the most direct of all roads in India. Even the old English scheme of a Euphrates railway is at last in German hands.—London Telegraph.

To Carpenters, Contractors and the Public.

We cheerfully give estimates on Plumbing, Gas Fitting, Steam and Hot Water Heating, Electric Wiring, Sewerage and Beer Pump Work.

G. ABDON & CO.,
22 E. COLUMBIA ST.

PATENTS GUARANTEED.

Our fee returned if we fail. Any one requiring sketch and description of any invention will promptly receive our opinion free concerning the patentability of same. "How to Obtain a Patent" sent upon request. Patents secured through us advertised for sale at our expense. Inventors taken out through us receive special notice, without charge, in THE PATENT RECORD, an illustrated and widely circulated journal, consulted by Manufacturers and Investors. Send for sample copy FREE. Address: **VICTOR J. EVANS & CO.** (Patent Attorneys) Evans Building, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Robert Spice,
PLUMBER, STEAM and GAS FITTER.

48 W. MAIN STREET.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Blood Poison. Permanently cured. You can be treated at home under same guaranty. If you have taken mercury, iodine, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Ulcers, Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, write

COOK REMEDY CO.,

310 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital \$200,000. We solicit the most obstinate cases. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. 100 page Book Free.

Maumee Heating and Supply Co.,

located at 38 Harrison St., ARE NOW LOCATED AT NO. 39 EAST COLUMBIA STREET, and have in connection a first-class machine shop. They carry brass goods, pipes, malleable and cast iron fittings, asbestos, mineral wool, etc. Lubricating-oils, greases of all kinds. Promptness guaranteed.

MONARCH Sewing Machine OIL.

For Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Fire Arms, etc. The Highest Grade. Get it from your dealer.

J. C. PELTIER,

Undertaker

and Embalmer.

17 W. Wayne Street.

Put a little Satisfaction Bouquet on your hat and you can smell the sweet perfume for six months. Try it. For sale by all druggists.

MUNICIPAL NEWS.

COMPTROLLER'S REPORT TO BE EXAMINED.

CITY WANTS COMPENSATION

BEFORE GIVING FRANCHISE TO AMERICAN DISTRICT CO.

VIRGINIA STREET VACATED

RESOLUTION FOR SOUTH WAYNE SEWER CONFIRMED.

The council committee on finance will meet in the city building tonight and examine Controller Berg's annual report. The committee has already examined the reports for the first three quarters of the year and has now only to verify the last quarter. Councilman Peterson is ill and will be unable to assist in the work.

-FAILED TO AGREE.

The board of works Thursday evening again discussed the application of the American District Messenger and Parcel company for a franchise to erect wires in the city. Judge Zollars was present for the company and contended that it would be unjust for the board of works to demand a percentage of receipts from the new company while the Fort Wayne District Messenger company paid no part of its receipts to the city. This, he said, would be class legislation, as it gave one citizen rights that were refused another. The attorney also intimated that the opposition to the granting of the franchise came from the owners of the Fort Wayne company. He handed to the board of works a petition signed by many Fort Wayne business men, requesting the city to grant the American District company a franchise without compensation.

City Attorney Shambaugh contended that the city had a perfect right to demand compensation for franchises and because officials in the past had failed to make this demand it did not mean that the city must continue to grant franchises without some recompense for such privileges. Chairman Eggmann called attention to the franchises of the Bell and Home Telephone companies. Years ago the Bell company had secured a perpetual franchise without agreeing to pay the city any portion of receipts, but this did not deter the city from demanding compensation from the Home company. Judge Zollars, however, persisted that this was unjust. Mr. Shambaugh asserted that the city would not now be governed by precedent set years ago, before the matter of demanding compensation from corporations had been agitated by the public.

Judge Zollars claimed that under a law of congress granting telegraph companies certain privileges, which law was passed in 1866, the American District company had a right to erect poles, but Mr. Shambaugh contended that the application for a franchise did not come from a telegraph company. It was impossible to reach an agreement and the board referred the application to City Attorney Shambaugh, who will probably make some recommendation next week.

VACATE VIRGINIA STREET.

The board of works Thursday evening passed the resolution vacating Virginia street. The objectors were not so decided in their opposition and several gentlemen who had been leaders in the movement against vacating the street and connecting alleys were not present. Those who did attend the meeting offered only slight objection. The board inserted in the resolution a clause reserving the right to enter upon the premises at any time to repair sewers and water pipes and, if necessary, remove any building which interfered with the work.

SOUTH WAYNE SEWER.

The resolution providing for the construction of the big South Wayne sewer was confirmed and March 5 fixed as the date on which bids would be received for doing the work. A large number of South Wayne residents were present and expressed their gratification at the decision of the board. This part of the city has been without sewers except those built for private use, and the construction of the immense sewer, which will empty into the big interceptor, guarantees a better sanitary condition and an increased value to property.

CUSTOM HOUSE MOVED.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 2.—In conformity with the boundary modus vivendi, the Canadian officials have moved their custom house from Log Cabin, where it handled all of the rail and wagon road business from the interior to the summit of White Pass. D. Stevens has been design-

ated deputy collector. In explanation of the change, E. S. Busby, supervising officer of the custom house at Bennett, Atkin and the Summit, in a public statement says: "We have moved the custom house from Log Cabin to the Summit simply because it is a natural place for such a house. Furthermore in this instance the United States custom office is stationed at the Summit and in case of any misunderstanding as to routine affairs the matter can be settled right on the spot by the representatives of the respective governments without delay."

TO QUIT METHODIST CHURCH.

Green Bay, Wis., Feb. 2.—At a meeting of the church board here Rev. William M. Forkell made the announcement that he had forwarded his resignation as pastor of the First Methodist church to the presiding elder, to take effect in March, or earlier, if desired. He will sever his connection with the Methodist church entirely. His grounds for this step are:

1. Cannot believe in the character of the church.
2. Honesty as a preacher.
3. To better reach the masses.

The church membership and presiding elder urged his continuance in the pastorate, but he declined. He disapproves on substituted righteousness, eternal punishment and original guilt, and says: "God is not blind force, but loving, intelligent power." The church greatly regrets the step. His future plans he has not fully made, but has several opportunities. He will lecture part of the time. Mr. Forkell was born in Elgin, Ill., thirty-three years ago. He studied at the Northwestern university and has been a minister of the Methodist church ten years. He has been in charge of the church at Green Bay the past eighteen months and has also been an enthusiastic worker in social reform and associated charity movements. He is universally esteemed in Green Bay.

GRAND MATRON WAS A GUEST

GIVEN RECEPTION BY SHILOH CHAPTER.

Notable Meeting of the Order of the Eastern Star on Thursday Evening.

Mrs. Sarah E. Gardiner, of Terre Haute, grand matron of the Order of Eastern Star in Indiana, was the guest of honor at the meeting of Shiloh chapter Thursday evening, and the session was in the nature of an informal reception to the chapter's distinguished guest. About one hundred and fifty members of Shiloh chapter were in attendance, and the lodge rooms in Masonic temple presented an attractive appearance. It was the regular meeting of the chapter, but a special program had been arranged, and the session was a most enjoyable one. Mrs. Gardiner is making an official visit to the chapters of the state, and last evening the degree staff of Shiloh chapter exemplified the work in the administration of several candidates.

Following the regular work the meeting was resolved into an informal social session, and dainty refreshments were served. Mrs. Gardiner gave an address upon the progress and work of the Order of Eastern Star in Indiana, and brief addresses were made by Dr. C. E. Stemen and others. Some time was spent in social visitations before the meeting came to a close.

GO TO LAGRANGE.

A number of members of Shiloh chapter leave this evening for LAGRANGE, where a new chapter of the order will be constituted by Dr. C. E. Stemen, who has been commissioned for this purpose. The Fort Wayne members will exemplify the degree.

TO DEFRAY EXPENSES.

Capt. G. A. Gale, treasurer of the Lawton Memorial association, has received the following contributions toward defraying the expenses of the Lawton memorial exercises next Tuesday:

Previously acknowledged	\$94.00
Pellens & Polster	2.00
S. F. Bower & Co.	5.00
J. Y. Shoff	2.00
A. Mergethalm	3.00
Van B. Perrine	3.00
Pape Furniture Co.	3.00
John H. Bohan	2.00
Chas. Falk & Co.	2.00
Sam. Peto & Max	3.00
Fort Wayne Gas Co.	10.00
Modellier Bros. & Millard	3.00
S. Freiburger & Bro.	2.00
F. C. Pathman	2.00
Hosier Mfg Co.	5.00
United Knitting Mills	2.00
Frank J. Belot	2.00
The Packard Co.	3.00
E. J. McDonald	1.00
Kerr Murray Mfg Co.	3.00
Henry P. Scherer	2.00
John H. Bass	10.00
Paragon Mfg Co.	5.00
H. Pfeiffer & Son	2.00
Julius Nathan & Co.	2.00

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—The wheat market opened easier today, May a shade under yesterday at 87½¢@87¾¢. Cables were slightly lower and Argentine shipments were enough over last week to indicate to many traders that the shipments had not caused much embarrassment. A tone of firmness early at Paris, which has been 10 centimes lower, showed a firm tone at the close and it was reported that 119,000 bushels had been sold for direct export. May advanced to 87½¢, eased off on profit-taking to 87¼¢, reacted to 87½¢ and again eased off to 86½¢@86¾¢. Trade was rather quiet and without feature. Local receipts were 24 cars, none of which were of graded contract. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 311 cars, against 362 last week and 41 a year ago.

The market later turned strong, influenced to a degree by the rather bullish report of the Modern Miller. Foreigners were accredited with buying. May closed 87½¢ over yesterday at 87½¢@87¾¢.

The corn market was strong, country offerings being light and receipts only fair, 476 cars here. May opened a shade up at 32½¢@32¾¢ and advanced early to 33¢.

The corn market was quiet to the end, but closed strong. May 1½¢ up at 33½¢.

The oats market was dull and featureless early, the tone rather easy at the opening. Late sympathy with corn had a stimulating effect. Receipts here were 106 cars, more than double the estimate. May opened a shade lower at 23½¢ and advanced to 23¾¢. A rumor that the world's visible supply of land for January is only 10,000 acres, compared with 65,000 acres a year ago had a strengthening effect on the provisions market. There was strong buying of May land and rice early. May pork opened 2½¢@2¾¢ over yesterday at \$10.77½¢, May land 8½¢@9¢ at \$5.07½¢@5.00, advanced to \$5.06, and May ribs 2½¢@2¾¢ higher at \$5.83½¢@5.85, advancing to \$5.87½¢.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows: Wheat—Feb., 86½¢; May, 87½¢@87¾¢; July, 89½¢. Corn—Feb., 30½¢; May, 31½¢; July, 33½¢@33¾¢. Oats—Feb., 22½¢; May, 23½¢; July, 24½¢. Pork—Feb., \$10.75; May, \$10.06; July, \$10.07½. Lard—Feb., \$6.90; March, \$6.97½; May, \$6.07½; July, \$6.15. Ribs—Feb., \$5.85; May, \$5.90@5.92½; July, \$5.95. Flax—Cash N. W. \$1.50; Cash S. W. \$1.50; May, \$1.60; Sept., \$1.10.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, Feb. 2.—Butter—Receipts, 3,581 pkgs; market firm; June creamery, 20¢@22¢; western creamery, 21¢@22¢; factory, 16¢@18¢. Cheese—Receipts, 2,051 pkgs; market steady; full made fancy large, 12¢@13¢; full made fancy small, 12¢@13¢; large late made, 11¢@12¢; small late made, 12¢@12½¢. Eggs—Receipts, 9,021 pkgs; market firm; western, 10¢; loss off; western ungraded at market, 14¢@15¢. Sugar—Raw, strong; refined, firm. Coffee—Market quiet; No. 7 Rio, 3½¢.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,200; market steady to slow; Texas firm; butchers' stock and canners strong; feeders steady. Hogs—Receipts today, 21,000; tomorrow, 16,000; left over, 3,218. Market slow to lower. Mixed and butchers, \$4.00@4.75; good to choice heavy, \$4.75@4.95; rough heavy, \$4.40@4.70; light, \$4.35@4.80; bulk of sales, \$4.75@4.85.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.

New York, Feb. 2.—Opening prices for the various iron and steel issues indicated that they were still in favor with the bulls. A wide opening in Tennessee Coal and Transcendence of 3,000 shares was followed by a further rise to 87½¢, as compared with 86½¢ at yesterday's close. National Steel moved up to 48. Railroad stocks improved slightly with the international group benefited by rumors abroad. Third Avenue was devoid of feature, ruling quiet at par. Local stocks worked upward and Third Avenue, after a slight decline below last night's level, buoyed up to 101. Meanwhile there was a good deal of irregularity in the general market, Steel and Wire, Sugar and People's Gas showing the effects of the realization. Renewed pressure against Third Avenue lowered it to 98 and some sympathetic effect was produced on the general list. Covered in Tennessee Coal brought a sharp decline and the market in general to par and the market in general hardened and held the advance well at 11 o'clock. New points of strength developed. Subscribe for The Sentinel.

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NICHOLSON'S NECK DISASTER.

The Surrender of the British Described by an Officer: The Armored Train Affair Near Chelverley—Surrender of Good Glasses—Shrewdness of Kaffirs as Dispatch Bearers.

Capitla Rice, a wounded officer who recently arrived in England, gave the following account of the Nicholson's Neck disaster to a London Daily Mail interviewer: "Now, as the white flag had been raised and we believed, by order, it was our duty to make the men put down their arms. We gave the order, but were not obeyed, and for some time the men fought furiously. In many cases we had to take their rifles from them. They were furiously angry, and though most of them had not a cartridge left, they had all made up their minds to fight to a finish. The subalterns refused to give up their swords. In fact, it was all most horribly painful. Then the other officers and myself had to (and here Capitla Rice hesitated for a moment, as if disliking to utter the words)—well, we had to break up our swords. That is not a nice thing at all. Finally a lot of the men and the subalterns flung themselves on the ground and wept with rage. Even when they had no weapons they wanted to go on fighting. 'The poor fellows behaved splendidly, though they had had so much since Sunday night and had been exposed to deadly firing from an unseen enemy for ten hours. Things went on like that for a bit, and then the word came down to us that the white flag had been hoisted by some of the Gloucesters. When the news came along, our men simply yelled with rage. 'That white flag, I may say, is a complete mystery to me. No one knows who hoisted it. But Father Matthews, our chaplain, who went on to retrieve with the prisoners, says that it was raised by a subordinate of the Gloucesters, who found himself cut off with ten men and quite believed that he and his companions were the only survivors. Whether that is the correct story or not I cannot say, and I don't know what the father meant by a subordinate. Probably he meant a sergeant.'"

THE MONEY MARKET.

New York, Feb. 2.—Money on call nominally 2½¢ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½¢ per cent; sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at \$1.87½¢@1.87¾¢ for demand and at \$1.84½¢@1.84¾¢ for 60 days; posted rates, \$4.85 and \$4.88@4.89½¢; commercial bills, \$4.83½¢@4.84; silver certificates, 50½¢@60½¢; bar silver, 60¢; Mexican dollars, 47½¢.

THE BOND MARKET.

New York, Feb. 2.—Government bonds irregular:

U. S. 2s registered	102½
U. S. 3s registered	109½
U. S. 3s coupon	109½
U. S. 4s registered (new)	133½
U. S. 4s coupon (new)	133½
U. S. 4s registered (old)	114½
U. S. 4s coupon (old)	114½
U. S. 5s registered	112½
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HELPS TO EDUCATION.

A zoological garden is a great ornament to a city and a most desirable adjunct to school education. The child who can see and study a moose, an eagle, an alligator or any other strange beast of the field gets what no book can teach.—Methan's Monthly.

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From far away Naumen, in New Caledonia, Commercial Agent Wolff writes of prosperity, a rapidly growing commerce and increased trade with western America. A stone quarry, the finest in the Pacific, is under construction and a plant for the electric lighting of the town is erected.

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The following extract is from a letter received from an officer serving in the Ladysmith relief force, says the London Times: "I wish I had a better pair of glasses. Mine are not good enough for people who fire at you from 2,000 yards. Smokeless powder is a most wonderful thing. When they fired at us in the armored train the other day, although it was only from about 600 yards, we could not tell from which direction it came for some time. All the first shells struck our truck, but were luckily too low. Glasses are particularly important when on outpost duty, as when in command of a post they depend on you for information of the enemy's movements, and as it is generally at a distance of about five miles, you

depend entirely upon your glasses. The other day I went in some quiet information of a commando moving across our front about five and one-half miles off, as I luckily had borrowed a signaller's telescope, and I happened to have it on a ridge they were crossing."

The Berlin National Zeitung publishes a list of guns in possession of the Boers. According to this table they have eight 7.5 centimeter Krupp guns, sixteen 7.5 centimeter Creusot guns, eight or nine Maxim-Nordenfiedt field guns, twenty-five 3.7 centimeter automatic Maxim guns, eight 12 centimeter field howitzers, four from Krupp and four from Creusot; four modern 3.7 centimeter Krupp mountain guns, four 15.5 centimeter Creusot guns. In all, with old guns, the Boers possess some 80 or 90 pieces of artillery. During recent years they have bought 400,000 Mauser rifles and 25,000,000 cartridges, as well as a large number of Martini-Henry rifles.

A great deal has been said lately of the ripe and unique age of some of the Boers who are now opposing our forces in South Africa, says The Westminster Gazette. "Boys of 16 and men of 70 are now bearing arms in the republic's ranks. At the same time, Rhodesia points out, there are several of our colonial fighting men now at the front who are not yet out of their teens. Among others, Trooper L. Davis, on the staff of the Bulawayo Chronicle, has the distinction of being the youngest member of the B squadron of the southern Rhodesia volunteers, being only just 17 years of age.

TOWN OF DURBAN.

It is called the Handsomest Town in South Africa. Durban, where many of the reinforcements for the South African campaign will be landed, is the handsomest town in South Africa. It is 511 miles from Pretoria, a distance which the train covers in 20 hours, and just at present it is one of the most important places on the war map, says the London Mail.

The most striking building in Durban and one of the finest in the whole of South Africa is the town hall, in West street. This is a handsome structure of the Corinthian order and covers nearly 4,000 square yards. The clock tower is nearly 200 feet high and the building contains an excellent museum, where the objects exhibited include Ceterway's cooking pots. Even in the inferior streets of Durban buildings of a high class are being erected. Among the greatest charms of the town are its parks and gardens. Opposite the town hall are the public gardens, an open space laid out with all kinds of trees and shrubs and with a handsome fountain and a band stand. This is one of the fashionable promenades of the place, especially on the evenings when there is music. These gardens also contain a statue of the queen by Mr. Thornycroft, R. A.

The botanical gardens, which contain the observatory, are remarkable for the wonderful collection of tropical plants and flowers which flourish there. They are far more tropical in character than anything to be met with in Cape Colony. The water supply of Durban is admirable.

MAN WITHOUT A LANGUAGE.

Archibald Caused Lawson to Forget Everything That Preceded It. Andrew Lawson, a Norwegian cooper who came to the United States a few years ago, was struck on the head by a falling block while at work on one of the piers of the Atlantic Transport company, New York city, on Sept. 5, 1898. He lay like one dead in St. Vincent's hospital for two months. His life was despaired of, but finally he rallied and regained a part of his lost strength. He came to New London, Conn., and is now engaged in light farming a short distance from that place.

Lawson is in a normal condition in every sense, with the exception that he has forgotten all about his former life and companions and has no remembrance of his native tongue, says the New York Times. Try as he will, he cannot converse in the language that he learned in Norway. His wife is instructing him as she does their 4-year-old boy. Lawson speaks the English language only imperfectly.

The case has attracted the attention of scientists and specialists, and several have journeyed from New York and other cities to learn more of its details.

Memorial of Gladstone.

The London statue of Mr. Gladstone is to be a rather ambitious work. About 500 feet of ground will be required for its erection, as, in addition to a large bronze figure of the deceased statesman in his robes as chancellor of the exchequer, there are to be seated slaves and groups at the corners, also in bronze, says the Newcastle (England) Chronicle. The site suggested for the monument is that between the two churches in the Strand on which Holwell and Wyck streets now stand.

Newest Cape.

Gray ostrich feathers are the materials employed for a new three-quarter length cape which is on exhibition by so up town modiste, says the New York correspondent of the Pittsburgh Dispatch. Nothing else but the feathers is in evidence, and the effect is striking. Whether it is beautiful or not must remain a matter of opinion. At all events, it is commanding a full share of feminine attention.

Niagara power was used so long ago as 1725, when the French erected a sawmill near the site of the present factory of the Pittsburgh Reduction company. It was used for the purpose of supplying sawed lumber for Fort Niagara.

About \$9,000,000,000 is the present capitalization of trusts in the United States.

DISCOVERED AT LAST!

SICK-HEADACHE Dizziness, Malaria AND LA GRIPPE

JOHNSON'S STOMACH TABLETS One Groves Relief—Makes Sick People Well. No purging, pain or inconvenience, then the stomach, increase appetite, ease the entire system. A sure cure for depression of spirits, nervousness and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Large box, 10 CENTS. (17 Tablets) For sale by DRUGGISTS and all leading druggists.

For RHEUMATISM. FORMULA M 50¢

This great medicine, with its will cure rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, migraines, etc. It is especially prepared from Colchicum Root, Colchicum, and one extract of this Root, the great healer. Formula M is a wonderful relief for rheumatism. It relieves the entire system, and with the aid of Barbitone Restorative, cures where other remedies fail. Price, 50 cents. Barbitone Restorative, the greatest known nerve tonic and stim

Dyspepsia—bane of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At your druggists.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing, healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itching of the skin in any part of the body: Don's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT.
Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for Judge of the circuit court, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
EDWARD O'Rourke.

SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE.
Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for Judge of the Superior court, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
JOHN H. Aiken.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for Judge of the Superior court, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
THOMAS C. ELLISON.

SHERIFF.
Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
FRANK H. WHITNEY.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
FRANK FALKER.

COUNTY ASSESSOR.
Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for county assessor, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
WILLIAM EGGMANN.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for county assessor, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
JOS. TONKEL.

TRUSTEE WAYNE TOWNSHIP.
Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for trustee of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the township democratic nominating convention.
WM. GAPPNEY.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for trustee of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the township democratic nominating convention.
LOUIS SCHIRMAYER.

ASSESSOR WAYNE TOWNSHIP.
Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for assessor of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the township democratic nominating convention.
THOMAS S. M'GEE.



If you feel "Fagged Out,"
Have HEADACHE,
BACKACHE,
POOR APPETITE,
BAD BREATH,
BAD COMPLEXION,
and would like to feel and look well, let us recommend CELERY KING to you.

F. J. Zimmerly & Co.,

Plumbing,
Steam and
Gas Fitting,
Electric Wiring.

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.
No. 141 Calhoun Street.
Phone 207.

BRINGS BACK THE LUSTER MAKES OLD LOOK NEW
Monarch Polish
For Furniture, Floor, Wall, Glass and Metal.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
BIRD BROS. & CO. CLEVELAND, O.

DR. BULSON,
55 WEST WAYNE ST.
Practice Limited to Disease of
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone 413 Main.

YOUNG WOMEN
take your meals at the
Y. W. C. A.
51 West Berry Street.
Strangers in the city referred to good boarding places. Meals served on the European plan at reasonable rates. Dinner, 11:30-1:30. Supper, 5:30-9:40.

The Bortoli Co.,
Dealers in
Marble, Mosaic and Tiles.
Cincinnati, Toledo Branch, 1049 Monroe St.
811, 7th MEDALS.
San Francisco, 1893.
Atlanta, Ga. 1895.

SHOP AND RAIL.

HOPPER BOTTOM CARS ARE REPLACING GONDOLAS.

THE CHANGE MOVES SLOWLY

BUT IT IS COMING AND GOING TO STAY.

A NEW ROUND HOUSE OFFICE

FOREMAN SCHEID AND CLERKS MOVE NEXT WEEK.

The day is not distant when all the important coal docks, both private and those of the railway companies, will have elevated tracks or be provided with unloading pits so that the coal can be handled in hopper bottom cars. All new coal docks are being constructed on this line and many of the old ones are now being remodeled. The coal bin at the new power station of the Pittsburgh shops has an elevated track, the coal bin at the power station of the street car company is a pit over which the tracks run and a gang of carpenters of the Pittsburgh road is now engaged in building 120 feet of elevated tracks at the coal docks at Gay street. The tracks will accommodate four of the big 100,000 pounds capacity hopper cars, and when it is completed much of the company's coal will be brought here in that kind of a car. There will always be a number of small stations where it will not pay to build elevated tracks for handling coal and for the accommodation of these, a sufficient number of the old fashioned gondolas will have to be provided, but in the cities and other places, where vast quantities of coal are handled the hopper bottom car will do the business.

THE BEST ON THE ROAD.

Concerning the class X engine, 278, which was built in the Fort Wayne shops in 1892, the Indianapolis Journal yesterday said: "Much is heard of the new passenger engines of the present day, but the best of them cannot make a better record than has Engine 278 on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, which has been in passenger service seven years. In September, 1899, it ran 13,729 miles. This engine last week hauled the Chicago limited from Fort Wayne to Chicago in two hours and fifty minutes, not deducting stops, and the 21.5 miles from Valparaiso to Clarke Junction was covered in sixteen minutes, or at an average speed of 80.6 miles an hour."

BRANCH TO MARRY.

Friends of the parties have received invitations to the wedding of Charles S. Branch and Miss A. Diggs, which is to take place at the home of the lady in Moberly on St. Valentine's day, February 14. Miss Diggs is one of the leading ladies of Moberly, and she is also favorably known here, having been a visitor in Fort Wayne several times, the last visit being two months ago. Mr. Branch is a rising young railroad man, at present holding the office of general foreman of the Wabash shops at Moberly. He held a similar position at Tilton a few years ago, was transferred to Springfield when Master Mechanic G. W. Mudd assumed charge of the Wabash shops there and later went with that gentleman to Moberly. He has been a frequent visitor here and is known to nearly all the shopmen and trainmen on the eastern division.

CHANGE ON EASTERN DIVISION

Official notice has been received here of the appointment of E. T. Whiter, trainmaster of the eastern division of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago road, succeeding J. H. Turner, transferred, as noted in The Sentinel some days ago. W. T. Wolff takes the place vacated by Mr. Whiter. D. B. Johnston has been appointed engineer of maintenance of way of the Marietta division, and the notice of this change was also received here yesterday.

SHOPMAN MARRIED.

Edward Keefe and Miss Mary Thiele were married at the St. John's Catholic church in New Haven yesterday. The bride is one of the well-known and highly respected ladies of that pretty suburb and the groom is a boilermaker employed in the Wabash shops in this city. He called at that establishment this morning to report the wedding and leave a quantity of smokers for his shopmates. He will not resume work in the shop until Monday, when his appearance there will be greeted with the usual serenades. Mr. Keefe is a popular fellow and his shop-

mates and other friends wish him all the blessings this earth has to bestow upon mortals.

THE ICE HARVEST.

Tomorrow the Grand Rapids and Indiana company will commence the annual ice harvest along its line. The crop is fine, being free from snow, weeds or other foreign substance. The ice which will fill the Fort Wayne ice house will be taken from the lake at Nottawa, a few miles out from Sturgis, Mich. Ice for other places will be taken from the lakes at Kalamazoo and north of that city.

ORDERED FORECLOSURES.

Judge Baker, of the United States court, in the case of Porter Skinner against the Fort Wayne, Terre Haute and Southwestern railroad, ordered a decree of foreclosure and sale. The railroad company was ordered to pay Skinner \$356,236, the amount due on bonds, together with interest, and the court ordered that in default of payment by the company the property was to be sold. In 1890 the company was organized and a road projected from Fort Wayne to Terre Haute, which was to have a branch line to Brazil, making the total length of the road 200 miles. The road was intended to be a feeder for the Monon, but shortly after work had begun on the road and after \$250,000 of bonds had been given the contractors in payment for construction, the guarantee of the Monon to pay the bonds was withdrawn. The contractors disposed of the bonds to Skinner.

BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION.

Tomorrow Fred Bultemeyer will pass the fifty-second mile stone on life's pathway and the anniversary will be made the occasion for a party, in which the participants will be the fellow shopmen of Mr. Bultemeyer. He is a carpenter and for twenty or more years has been employed at the Wabash shops in building and repairing locomotive cabs. He is a jolly, good-hearted fellow and very popular with his friends. Mr. Bultemeyer resides on Wall street and the meeting will take place at his home. The Wall street orchestra, an organization of considerable local importance, will furnish the music for the occasion.

PENNSYLVANIA RELIEF.

F. G. Olds, western division representative of the Pennsylvania Voluntary Relief association's advisory board, has received a copy of the minutes of the recent quarterly meeting of the board, and from it is gleaned the following interesting facts: On the pay rolls of the Pennsylvania company are 14,563 names and of this number 5,197 are members of the association. During the fourth quarter of the year 1899 the list of employees increased 456 and the increase in the number of association members for the same period was 528, showing that the association is growing in favor among the employees. It now has in its fold 56.3 per cent of the entire number of men in the employ of the company.

NEW ROUND HOUSE OFFICE.

The latter part of next week Foreman P. J. Scheir and his clerks, of the Pennsylvania round house, will move into handsome and commodious new quarters. A building is being fitted up for them on Lafayette street, at the track entrance to the round house. It is 23x17 feet and has a convenient nook for the engineers' desk. The old office, which is a board enclosure inside of the round house, will be torn out, making available another stall in the building for locomotives.

ABSENT ONES.

Engineers P. T. Walsh and P. H. Keegan and Shopmen Charles Hilker, A. J. Schirmeyer, Henry Shuster, Joseph Junk, J. H. Coody, Fred Leuz, J. Richard, S. G. Miller, H. Walsh, E. L. Fields and P. Harber are sick and absent from their respective places in the employ of the Pennsylvania. Machinist Philip Lordier is nursing a lame hand, which was injured by a sliver of steel; J. McLaughlin has gone to the country on a visit; George Bireline is attending to some private business, and Fireman H. D. Fisher is detained at home by the sickness of some member of his family.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Master Mechanic G. S. McKee, of the Wabash, is over on the Detroit division today.

Conductor and Mrs. L. A. Kanaga are entertaining the lady's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Loose, of Butler, Ohio.

The lumber handlers at the Pittsburgh yards and shops resumed work this morning after a two days' absence on account of the intense cold. W. N. Kress, who was injured a few days ago, and George Waldschmidt, who was sick a few days,

resumed their respective places at the Pittsburgh shops this morning.

Nickel Plate engine 3 went to the Stony Island shops for repairs yesterday.

Charles Hilker, of the Kerr Murray works, had a finger pinched between a pulley and a belt yesterday.

John Seidel has returned from Foster, O., where he was looking after some work for the Kerr Murray company.

Nickel Plate Conductor O. Pierce, who had been visiting relatives in another city, resumed his train duties yesterday.

Frank Frenchmiller, a Wabash boilermaker, has gone to Delray to relieve John Meyers, who is going to take a week's vacation.

Theodore Bandau, a boilermaker, has returned from Peru, where he went a few days ago to do some work for the Wabash company.

The Baltimore and Ohio has ordered three locomotives of the type designed by young Cornelius Vanderbilt, now in use on the New York Central.

Conductor S. H. Myers, of the Pennsylvania, has as his guest his brother, Mr. F. B. Myers, of Fremont, O., who will be here on a visit a week or longer.

Guy Hughes and John Nolan, machinists, and Charles Rodenbeck, boilermaker, of the Wabash shops, went to Ashley this morning to do some work for the company.

F. I. Stump, commercial agent of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western railroad, returned last evening from Findlay, where he was a witness in a damage suit against the company.

Engineers J. J. Hayes, W. R. Tourgee and S. P. Speece and Firemen Henry Saynor and J. J. Lynch have returned to their duties on the Pittsburgh road after an absence for various reasons.

George K. Darling, late Pittsburgh agent for the Ambuhl Brothers, has become a salesman for the Packard company and will start on the road next week. He has had considerable experience in that line.

C. P. Huntington has already spent over \$1,000,000 on his project to make Galveston, at the end of his Galveston, Houston and Northern railroad, the greatest export point for southwestern railroads.

H. B. Pierce has been appointed station master and assistant trainmaster of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie at Pittsburgh. Mr. Pierce resigned as trainmaster on account of ill-health and was succeeded by John Riley.

Nickel Plate passenger trains last night were from one to five hours behind schedule time when they reached this city. The cold wave interfered with traffic east to a greater extent than it did in this territory.

It is said that the headquarters of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen may be removed from Peoria to Milwaukee. The question will be decided by vote, of course, and as it has the approval of Grand Master Sargent, it will probably carry.

The Louisville and Nashville has created a service to take care of travel to Central and South America, a business which is developing very rapidly, and it is claimed more people will go to those countries this year than in any three former years.

John McCarthy, of San Antonio, Tex., arrived in the city last night and will spend a week or two with his parents, Engineer and Mrs. Dennis McCarthy, of Superior street.

John is a locomotive fireman, employed on the Southern Pacific road.

Emigrant travel is increasing. The Pan Handle, over which the Pennsylvania routes all this business now-days, is enjoying a heavy traffic in that line. Six or seven years ago all this business was sent over the Fort Wayne line, but there is very little of it on that route now.

Isaac Evans, for thirty years an engineer on the Pennsylvania railroad, was buried at Irwin, Pa., today. During the civil war the deceased was engineer on the Union war vessel which carried President Lincoln from Washington to Richmond on the occasion of that historic visit.

The complaint of John J. Young against the Wabash blacklisting has been amended and will be brought up at the next term of the Miami county circuit court. Young was a train dispatcher of the company during the strike some years ago and was discharged. The supreme court decided against him on an appeal.

Machinist James Cairns resumed his place in the Pittsburgh shops this morning, after an absence of a few days on account of injury and his golden wedding, which he and his estimable wife celebrated in fitting style last evening, and which is mentioned in another column of The Sentinel.

Mrs. F. O'Brien, of Crestline, O., is in the city, an attendant at the bedside of her sister, Mrs. Dennis McCarthy, of Superior street, the wife of the well known Nickel Plate engineer. Mrs. McCarthy has been quite sick for some time, but is now supposed to be on the way to recovery.

Mr. O'Brien, the husband of the visiting lady, has acted as a crossing watchman for the Pennsylvania company at Crestline for a third of a century and is known to all the trainmen.

This trunk line passenger agents have accepted and approved the recommendations of the Pennsylvania, the Reading and the Baltimore and Ohio railroads relative to the republican national convention, which convenes in Philadelphia on June 19.

The recommendations of the roads provide for a single fare for the round trip ticket, good for ten days.

COL. GRAVES GIVES WARNING

MUST NOT TAMPER WITH GAS FIXTURES.

Attaching Rubber Tubing to Gas Fixtures.

Additional Gas Invalidates Insurance.

Within the past week several fires in Fort Wayne have resulted. It is claimed, from the use of rubber tubing attached to stoves to secure additional gas than that which comes through the mixer, and the insurance companies have declined to pay the losses thus entailed. The insurance people say when the gas pressure increases at intervals the rubber tubing is expanded and allows gas to escape into the room in such quantities that a fire is almost certain to ensue.

Col. C. E. Graves, secretary of the Fort Wayne Board of Underwriters, stated this morning that the insurance companies would not permit the tampering with natural gas fixtures which has been going on with increasing frequency for some time, and that every time a bit of the rubber tubing was attached it invalidated the insurance policy, and in case of a fire the owner must stand the loss.

"Natural gas is permitted to be used under a specific contract," said Mr. Graves, "and when the fixtures are thus tampered with that contract is broken, and the insurance companies cannot be held responsible. Those who are now using wood or coal should also make a very careful examination of their chimneys, as it will generally be found that the gas has burned out the mortar used in the construction of the chimney and a fire is pretty likely to result. Compliance with the terms of the insurance policy will insure a prompt settlement in case of fire, but those who violate the contract of the policy must bear the consequences themselves."

A YEAR OF FAMOUS NAMES.

Mr. Hubert was the fourth vice president of the United States who has died in the month of November. His death occurred on the 28th (1899); Henry Wilson died on the 22d (1876); Elbridge T. Gerry—who gave his name to the still popular trick of gerrymandering—on the 23d (1814); and Thomas A. Hendricks on the 25th (1885). The fact is of no significance whatever; yet, now that attention has been called to it, future vice presidents will, perhaps, eat their Thanksgiving dinners with a peculiar satisfaction when the holiday falls, as in 1899, on the last day of the month.

A still more striking coincidence has been familiar for the past three-quarters of a century to readers of American history. This was the death on the same day—and that day the fiftieth anniversary of the Declaration of Independence—of the second and third presidents of the American republic, both of them signers of the Declaration, and one of them its author. The passing away of John Adams and Thomas Jefferson (the former at nine-two and the latter at eighty-three) at an interval of a few hours, on July 4, 1826, was sufficiently remarkable to suggest purpose at least, if not agreement, on the part of these old friends. It is a coincidence perhaps unmatched in history.

Against November 8, so to speak, a favorite death month of American vice presidents, February may be set off as a favorite birth month of American and other men of genius—most notably George Washington and Abraham Lincoln, whose birthdays bring two national holidays almost as close together as Christmas and New Year's day. On February 3, 1900, Felix Mendelssohn would be ninety-one years of age; on the 8th John Ruskin would have celebrated the eighty-first anniversary of his birth, and Jules Verne celebrates the seventy-second. Lincoln, Charles Darwin and James Russell Lowell were all three born on the 12th (Lowell would be eighty-one had he lived). On the next day Lord Salisbury will enter upon his seventy-first year; on the 15th Ernest Legouve rounds out his ninety-third, and Dr. Wier Mitchell completes his seventy-first, with mental force still unabated. Had February the same allowance of days as even the shorter of the other months, Frederic Chopin could be added to our list; as it is he



Saturday Night, Feb. 3rd, Ends Your Opportunity

To take advantage of our great Clearing Sale.
Our entire line of \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00 Ladies' or Gents' Watch Chains got at \$2.00 and \$2.50 for choice.

This elegant three-stone genuine Opal Ring only \$2.50, worth \$5.50. Other Opal Rings \$1.00 up to \$35.00.

Engagement and Wedding Rings, largest line in Fort Wayne, at lowest prices; \$1.00 to \$15.00. Engraving free.

J. L. SIEVERT.
Wholesale and Retail
Optician and Jeweler,
85 CALHOUN ST.

Eye strain causes more headache than all other causes combined and can be cured by a pair of our glasses. Money back if not as we say. Steel Spectacles, \$1.00 up; Gold, \$5.00 up.

Eyes Tested Free.

YOU NEVER TIRE
OF
SATISFACTION BOUQUET
It is the Best Perfumery in the World.
For Sale by all Druggists.

misses it by the narrowest margin, his natal day being March 1 (1800). It was in the same year, as well as in the same month, that three of the names here mentioned were bestowed upon those who made them famous—Lincoln, Darwin, Mendelssohn. In this and the other months of 1800 occurred perhaps the greatest number of illustrious births that can be credited to any single year of the century now hastening to its close. In America we have Lincoln, Edgar Allan Poe and Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes; in England, Lord Tennyson, Mr. Gladstone, Professor Darwin, Lord Houghton, Prof. John Stuart Blackie, Edward Fitzgerald and Mrs. Mary Cowden Clarke; in Germany, Mendelssohn, and in Poland, Chopin.

A further coincidence is to be noted in the life-term of the most brilliant lights in this meteoric shower. The American poet of night-fancies and day-dreams, and the Polish tone-poet of nocturnes and études were born within ten days of each other, and dies but ten days apart. Poe's birth having occurred on January 10, 1809, and Chopin's death on October 17, 1849, just nine days after the author of "The Raven" was laid at rest in the Baltimore church-yard, where, for half a century, his grave has been cared for by the man that dug it. A suggestive comparison might be made between the lives and genius of these two unhappy spirits of the early life of the nineteenth century.—St. Nicholas.

Special Notice.
In consequence of the extreme cold weather the past few days our Great Semi-Annual Clearance Sale will continue till Saturday night, February 3rd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.
During the last year 25,202,001 bushels of grain and 2,108,513 gallons of molasses were used for the manufacture of liquor in this country, which produced 107,618,120 gallons of spirits and 1,637,803 gallons of rum, making a total of 109,255,923. This is about one gallon and a half to every man, woman and child in the country.—Indianapolis News.

STRICT DISCIPLINARIANS.
It is commonly stated by army officers that men appointed from the ranks are the strictest disciplinarians in the service and more harsh in dealing with the privates than West Pointers. Probably they may recall

1860--The New York Store--1900

We all Want Prosperity

But none of us are anxious to pay any more for it than is necessary. Higher prices are inevitable, but as we have a large stock bought before the advance, our customers will get the benefit of the lowest possible prices for dependable merchandise.

Carpets.

The largest stock of exclusive patterns in Carpets ever brought to Fort Wayne. The advance in price on most lines of carpets is considerable, but as we were early and large buyers, we are able to offer the newest and choicest designs in floor coverings, at practically old prices.

You Will be Looking

For spring goods soon, and we must say good bye to all the lingering lines of winter merchandise. Reduced prices must hasten the going of all goods in every department that pertain to the winter season.

Our Cleaning Up Sale

Of all the remnants, short lengths and odd lots offers money-saving chances and ought to command the attention of thrifty buyers.

The Cloak Department

Everything must be sold. All Plush Capes, Jackets, Suits, Furs, Skirts, Waists and Dressing Scaques at greatly reduced prices. A few very choice Velour Jackets to be closed out at less than cost. A choice line of Fur Scarfs, just received, priced for quick selling.

Coming Events.

Watch for our store news of important February sales, for which great preparations have been made. Wait for our

Muslin Underwear Sale.

White Goods Opening Display.

Embroidery and Lace showing and the opening of the season's exhibit of dainty wash fabrics and spring dress goods.

Agents for Butterick Patterns.

Rurode Dry Goods Co.

Buy for Your Present Needs! Buy for Your Future Needs!

Never Again Will You Have the Opportunity to Buy so Cheaply.

Read what BRADSTREET'S and DUN'S reports published last Saturday have to say of the opening sales of woollens for next winter:

"Exceptions to the quiet, and even dullness, shown by many lines of trade and speculation are found in the active demand for woolen goods for next fall's delivery and in the active call for dry goods on spring account. In the latter direction prices show special strength, and the bulk of business placed in woollens has been at advances of 25 to 40 per cent."—Bradstreet's.

"The woolen manufacturer has just opened a new season with the largest transactions ever known in a single week."—Dun's.

Add the 25 to 40 per cent. advance quoted above to the 40 to 60 per cent. reductions we are making from past prices, and you'll find the saving you'll make by buying now for future needs at the

Great Closing Out Sale of

THE....
REDUCTIONS
Cover everything
in our entire stock

Sam Peter & Max
CLOTHIERS.
58 CALHOUN ST.

BUILDING
FOR RENT....
Fixtures for sale.
We're going out
of business....

The Evening Sentinel.

FRIDAY, FEB. 2, 1900.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..... 173
Editorial Rooms..... 650

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Forecast for Indiana—Fair tonight and Saturday; colder in the extreme south portion tonight; variable winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Beckman, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Fape have issued cards announcing that they are at home to their friends at 127 Cass street.

John A. Scott, John W. Vordermark and G. W. Irwin, appraisers, have filed their report in the Baile bankruptcy action. The bankrupt's property is valued at something over \$10,000.

There is considerable sickness among the students at Concordia college, though none of it is of a serious type. About twenty-five of the young men are absent from classes from this cause.

An enjoyable surprise party, made up from members of the Royal Neighbors of America, visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Brunskill, at 279 East Creighton avenue, Thursday evening and were most royally entertained.

A merry party of friends made up a company which celebrated the birthday anniversary of Joseph and Lettie Miller last evening at their home, 202 West Creighton avenue. All the games first prizes were won by Thomas Greer, Jr., and Mrs. Barney Freiburger, while the consolation awards went to Joe Sack and Mrs. Fred Webster.

FOR SATURDAY MORNING.

STRAWBERRIES, TOMATOES, PLE PLANT, FRESH RADISHES, ONIONS AND LETTUCE.

Fancy Florida Strawberries, 45c qu.

Florida Tomatoes, nice and ripe, 10c lb.

Home Grown Pie Plant, 7c bunch.

Grand Rapids Lettuce, 15c lb.

Extra Malaga Grapes, 20c lb.

Best Messina Lemons, 20c dozen.

California Oranges, 20c dozen.

Large Navel Oranges, 40c dozen.

Extra Select Oysters, 25c can.

Large Stewing Oysters, 20c can.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Mrs. W. O. Gross entertained a company of friends at a thimble party this afternoon.

Miss Laura Kayler, of Columbia City, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. Fred C. Gumpfer.

Mrs. Sarah E. Gardiner, grand matron of the Order of Eastern Star, left today for Columbia City.

Miss Ella McGray, of Wabash, is in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ed M. Wilson, of 208 West Berry street.

Miss Gertrude Spierrier will entertain a company of her friends at her home on Force street Saturday evening in honor of her birthday anniversary.

Mrs. G. L. Potter, of West Berry street, left last evening for Pittsburg to join her husband, whose headquarters are now in that city. Mr. Potter is general superintendent of motive power of the Pennsylvania company, which includes both the northwestern and the southwestern systems.

THE NEW KEYSTONE.

Fancy California Peaches, 10c lb.

Fancy California Prunes, 8, 8, 9 and 15c lb.

Fancy California Apricots, 10c lb.

Fancy Figs, 10c lb.

New Shellbark Hickory Nuts, 5c quart.

New Navy Beans, 5c quart.

Fancy Creamery Butter, 25c lb.

Good Ginger Snaps, 5c lb.

Honey Drip Syrup, 30c gal.

Remember, we give Uncle Sam trading stamps, at

THE NEW KEYSTONE.

238 and 240 Calhoun St.

UNEXPECTED.

The Greatest Grocery received today an unexpected shipment of fine frozen fish, consisting of No. 1 Pickered, Perch and Herring.

Extra Select Oysters, 25c can.

Extra Stewing Oysters, 20c can.

Extra Stewing Oysters, 30c quart.

Fat Young Turkeys, Chickens, Ducks and Geese, live and dressed.

Big shipment German Dill, Jumbo, Sour and Small Sweet Pickles, elegant goods, at

TILE GREATEST GROCERY.

LADIES

Tomorrow we will supply your little daughter with a nice new winter jacket or long coat at exactly half-price.

WOLF & DESSAUER,
70-72 Calhoun St.

TOMORROW

BRING YOUR CHILD.

Bring the Young Lady—Come Yourself to the Greatest Bargain Sale

of Children's, Misses and Ladies' Jackets and Suits

Ever Given in the

City on New, Sensible Goods.

50 Children's Winter Jackets, regular \$2.00 number, for 89c.

All other Children's Jackets at exactly half price.

All our Misses' Jackets and Suits at half price.

50 Ladies' Black Cheviot Jackets, regular price \$4.00, tomorrow \$2.00.

25 Ladies' Black Cloth Jackets, regular price \$6.00, for \$3.00.

All other Ladies' black Jackets at half price.

25 Ladies' colored Jackets, lined through, regular price \$6.00, for \$3.00.

All other Ladies' colored Jackets at half price and below.

200 Ladies' and Misses' Suits to select from at half price.

Your choice of our \$10.00, \$11.00 and \$12.00 Gait Capes tomorrow, \$6.50.

All our Furs for Ladies and Children 1-3 off regular price tomorrow.

All our Ladies' Plannel Shift Waists at half price.

WOLF & DESSAUER,
70 and 72 Calhoun St.

SATURDAY SALE.

Bolling Meat, 10c lb.

Beef Roast, 7c lb.

Fresh Buckwheat, 10-lb sack, 30c.

Vermont Maple Syrup, 25c can.

Fresh Country Eggs, 17c doz.

California Dried Peaches, 8c lb.

THE RICH GROCERY AND MEAT MARKET,
254 and 256 Calhoun St.

SPECIAL SALE

UNTIL MONDAY.

Another lot of Chocolates and Buttercreams.

These goods are pure and fresh. Sell regularly at 30c per lb. Until Monday morning they will go at 19c lb. Put up in pound boxes and are fully guaranteed.

A. C. AURENTZ,
18 W. Berry St.

Special Notice.

In consequence of the extreme cold weather the past few days our Great Semi-Annual Clearance Sale will continue till Saturday night, February 3rd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

LADIES.

We have on hand a choice line of goods for skirts that we will sell and make at reduced prices for 30 days.

G. Schmidt, Merchant Tailor, 57 E. Berry St.

27-1f

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Security. C. F. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7, Bass Block.

2-f

The Citizens' Trust Co. pays 3 per cent. on deposits of any amount. \$400,000 security for depositor. Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.

16ff

GOLDEN WEDDING.

The golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. James Cairns, of South Broadway, was delightfully celebrated last evening by a company which numbered nearly sixty close friends. It was a double celebration, for it also marked the first anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Hess, the lady being a granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cairns. Through the fifty years of wedded life, much of which time has been spent in Fort Wayne, Mr. and Mrs. Cairns have won a multitude of warm friends, and their hospitable home last evening was the scene of one of the most enjoyable social occasions of the season. A short address appropriate to the occasion was made by Rev. J. S. Ainslie, and the aged host and hostess were the recipients of many valuable gifts. The floral offerings were particularly elaborate and an elaborate supper was served. The occasion was one of great pleasure to all present, though it was regretted that some of Mr. and Mrs. Cairns' relatives were prevented from being present, either by sickness in their families or from living at too great a distance from the city.

Miss Nellie McKay is supplying the vacancy in the corps of instructors of the Lakeside school occasioned by the illness of Miss Myrtle Haines.

The Boston Store.

Saturday Bargains!

Colored Table Cloth at 20c, worth 25c.
Colored Table Cloth at 25c, worth 30c.
72-inch Unbleached Damask at 20c, worth 50c.
A lot of Bed Spreads at 89c, worth \$1.00.
Ladies' Fleece Underwear at 25c, worth 30c.
Gents' Fleece Underwear at 30c, worth 50c.
Ladies' Wrappers at 79c, worth \$1.00.
Ladies' Wrappers at 95c, worth \$1.25.
All Ladies' Waists are sold at cost to close out.
Double width Dress Goods at 10c, worth 12 1/2c.
All-wool Dress Goods at 25c, worth 35c.
Black Crepon at 50c, worth 63 1/2c.
A line of Black Fancy Goods at 30c, worth 50c.
Light and Dark Colored Outings at 5c.
Best Apron Gingham at 5c.
Best Prints at 5c.
Do your trading at the Boston Store tomorrow, as we have many great Bargains to offer.

WM. HAHN & CO., THE BOSTON STORE.

For Sale or for Rent!

200x150 feet on West Main Street; large building, 35 rooms, with all modern improvements; well adapted for school or sanitarium purposes. For price or terms call on or address,

Lennart & Zorbaugh, Agts.,
81 Calhoun St. Home Phone 1310.

Dental Ethics

Are all right, but why should that prevent you from knowing that the BEST and MOST RELIABLE work is done at the

Boston Dental Parlors,

74 Calhoun Street.

DR. M'ALISTER, Manager.

Office hours, 8 to 6 and evenings.

GERMAN SPOKEN.

NOTICE

Ladies, you can get from eight to ten weeks' service out of winter garments, and we offer hundreds of this season's styles at half price and below tomorrow.

WOLF & DESSAUER,
70-72 Calhoun St.

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY DOWN.

Best Country Butter, 20c lb.

Fresh Country Eggs, 18c doz.

Nice Small Turkeys, 11c lb.

Large Turkeys, 9c lb.

Chickens, dressed, 10c lb.

Good Apples, 30c pk.

Good Coffee from 10c up.

Good Crackers, 5c lb.

Tomatoes, 5c can.

Corn, 8c can.

Choice Michigan Potatoes, 60c bu.

COVERDALE & ARCHER,
24 Harrison St.

THE WELLINGTON CAFE.

Will from now on serve meals a la carte, as well as regular meals. Below the following bill of fare will be served daily:

VEGETABLES.

Tomatoes 5c Corn 5c

Peas 5c Succatash 5c

String beans 5c Turnips 5c

Potatoes 5c All vegetables 5c

Coffee 5c a cup

Tea 5c a cup

Hot Soup 5c a bowl

Hot Roast Beef 10c a cut

Hot Roast Pork 10c a cut

Hot Roast Veal 10c a cut

All meats served at mealtime. 10c

Bread and Butter 5c

Pie, large cut 5c

Rolls 5c

Doughnuts 5c

Served at the Counter or Table between 11:30 to 1:30.

F. E. PURCELL & CO., Props.

SOMEBODY SAID



In explanation of the rather incredible tale that George Washington once threw a silver dollar across the Potomac, that "a dollar would go a great deal farther in those days than now." That may be true in some cases, but not at this store. There never was a time when a dollar would buy so much thoroughly good and reliable hardware as it will now, and here. Cobble Set, for instance, is something that comes handy in every household. We sell them at 50 cents and \$1.00. Or perhaps you are in need of a Rat Trap; we sell an extra large size trap of the French pattern for 50 cents. Also in season are Family Cleaners at 50 cents, and Kitchen Saws, guaranteed best quality steel, at 40 cents each. These cuts in prices won't offend the goods any, but it will alter people's ideas about what they can afford to buy.

BY THE WAY, HAVE YOU TICKET NO. 0,510.

Seavey's,
UP-TO-DATE
HARDWARE STORE,
10 and 21 W. Main Street.
Home and Bell Phone 139.